

FINANCIAL SUPERVISION AUTHORITY

Consolidated Quarterly Report QsR ... 2 / 2008

quarter / year

(pursuant to §86 sec.2 and §87 sec. 1 of the Regulation issued by the Minister of Finance on 19 Oct. 2005 - Journal of Laws No. 209 Item 1744) for issuers of securities managing production, construction, trade or services activities

for ... 2 ... quarter of financial year ... 2008 from 2008-01-01 to 2008-06-30
including consolidated financial statement according to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
in currency PLN
and summary of financial statement according to Act on Accounting (Journal of Laws 02.76.694).
in currency PLN
date of publication 2008-10-14

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SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA	thousands of PLN		thousands of EURO	
	Q1-Q2 2008	Q1-Q2 2007	Q1-Q2 2008	Q1-Q2 2007
data related to the consolidated financial statement				
I. Net revenues from sales	275,052	270,409	79,092	70,261
II. Operating profit (loss)	9,808	19,033	2,820	4,945
III. Profit before income tax	201,997	20,758	58,085	5,394
IV. Net profit attributable to shareholders	166,840	17,886	47,976	4,647
V. Cash flows from operating activities	28,021	9,236	8,058	2,400
VI. Cash flows from investing activities	146,990	-37,741	42,268	-9,806
VII. Cash flows from financing activities	10,763	18,257	3,095	4,744
VIII. Total net cash flows	185,774	-10,248	53,420	-2,663
IX. Equity attributable to shareholders	455,618	261,185	135,835	69,357
X. Number of shares	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596
XI. Earnings per single share (PLN/EURO)	20.96	2.33	6.03	0.61
data related to the financial statement				
XII. Net revenues from sales of products, goods and materials	251,723	246,282	72,384	63,992
XIII. Profit (loss) on operating activities	15,836	15,091	4,554	3,921
XIV. Gross profit (loss)	10,992	13,395	3,161	3,480
XV. Net profit (loss)	10,765	14,154	3,096	3,678
XVI. Cash flows from operating activities	24,619	10,132	7,079	2,633
XVII. Cash flows from investing activities	-27,231	-37,231	-7,830	-9,674
XVIII. Cash flows from financing activities	11,026	17,620	3,171	4,578
XIX. Total net cash flow	8,414	-9,479	2,419	-2,463
XX. Equity	465,934	253,286	138,911	67,260
XXI. Number of shares	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596
XXII. Earnings (losses) per single share (PLN/EURO)	2.68	4.18	0.77	1.09

Euro exchange rates used for calculation of the selected financial data:
- arithmetical average of NBP average exchange rates as of the end of each month for the period 01.01.2008 to 30.06.2008 – 3.4776;
- arithmetical average of NBP average exchange rates as of the end of each month for the period 01.01.2007 to 30.06.2007 – 3.8486;
The balance sheet items were presented based on NBP average exchange rates as of the end of the period:
- 30.06.2008: 3.3542;
- 30.06.2007: 3.7658.

This report should be presented to the Financial Supervision Authority, the Warsaw Stock Exchange and press agency pursuant to the law.

INFORMATION ON CORRECTION:

Corrected with current report no. 25/2008, dated 14 October 2008 as follows:

ComArch S.A.'s Management Board announces that the corrected, consolidated financial statement for the two quarters of 2008 will be published today.

Corrections are related to:

- 1) The addition of data related to periods: 01.04-30.06.2008 and 01.04-30.06.2007 to the consolidated income statement;
- 2) The addition of information related to changes in the significant shareholding structure from the date of the previous quarterly report, i.e. 15 May 2008, in pt 3.9.1 of the Qsr 2 2008, dated 14 August 2008, as follows: "According to information on the day of the report, there were no changes in the significant shareholding structure from the date of the previous quarterly report, i.e. 15 May 2008.";
- 3) Editors errors regarding income tax in the consolidated income statement for the 6 months ended 30 June 2008 (was '34,730' and should be corrected to '(34,730)') and value of equity presented in euros in the selected data. For the 6 months ended 30 June 2008, it was '2,373,322' and should be corrected to '138,911'; for the 6 months ended 30 June 2007, it was: '2,113,919' and should be corrected to '67,260'.

File	Description
Consolidated income statement Q2 2008.pdf	Consolidated financial statement Q2 2008

REPORT INCLUDES:

File	Description
Qsr_2_2008.pdf	Corrected Qsr 2 2008

SIGNATURES			
Date	Name and surname	Position	Signature
2008-10-14	Konrad Tarański	Vice-president of the Management Board	
2008-10-14	Katarzyna Maurer	Proxy	

**Comarch Capital Group
Consolidated Financial Statement
for the period from 1 January 2008 to 30 June 2008**



Statement in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards

I.	CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET	- 4 -
II.	CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT	- 5 -
III.	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY.....	- 6 -
IV.	CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT.....	- 7 -
V.	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.....	- 8 -
1.	Information about Group Structure and Activities.....	- 8 -
2.	Description of the Applied Accounting Policies	- 8 -
2.1.	Methods of Valuation of Assets and Liabilities and the Determination of Financial Results -	10 -
2.2.	Recognition of Revenues and Costs	15 -
2.3.	Financial Risk Management.....	16 -
2.4.	Interim Measurement Note.....	18 -
2.5.	New Standards and IFRIC Interpretations	18 -
3.	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statement.....	- 19 -
3.1.	Segment Information for the 3 months ended 30 June 2008	19 -
3.2.	Property, Plant and Equipment.....	21 -
3.3.	Investment in Associates	22 -
3.4.	Inventories.....	23 -
3.5.	Available-For-Sale Financial Assets	23 -
3.6.	Derivative Financial Instruments	23 -
3.7.	Trade and Other Receivables	24 -
3.8.	Assets Classified as Dedicated-for-Sale.....	24 -
3.9.	Share Capital	24 -
3.10.	Trade and Other Payables	27 -
3.11.	Long-term Contracts	27 -
3.12.	Credits and Loans	28 -
3.13.	Contingent Liabilities	29 -
3.14.	Deferred Income Tax.....	29 -
3.15.	Earnings per Share.....	31 -
4.	Additional Notes.....	- 31 -
4.1.	Information About Shareholders and Shares Held by Members of the Management Board and the Board of Supervisors	31 -
4.2.	The Annual General Meeting of the Dominant Unit.....	32 -
	The total number of votes from all emitted ComArch S.A. shares is 14,991,796. Shareholders participating the Annual General Shareholders Meeting of ComArch S.A. on 25 June 2008 held shares giving 10,097,000 votes.	33 -
4.3.	Other Events in the Second Quarter of 2008.....	33 -
4.4.	Factors and Events of Unusual Nature with Significant Effects on the Achieved Financial Results	34 -
4.5.	Events after the Balance Sheet Date.....	34 -
4.6.	Significant Legal, Arbitration or Administrative Proceedings	35 -
4.7.	The Management Board's Position on the Execution of Previously-Published Forecasts ...	35 -
4.8.	Information about Transactions with Related Parties Whose Total Amount from the Beginning of the Year Exceeds 500,000 EURO (other than routine transactions)	35 -
4.9.	Information about Suretyship and Bank Guarantees Provided by the Company and Its Subsidiaries	35 -
4.10.	Other Information Significant for the Assessment of Means and Employees, Financial Rating, Financial Results and Their Changes and Information Significant for the Assessment of the Possibility of the Execution of Obligations by their Issuers	35 -
5.	Significant Achievements and Failures as well as Factors and Events with Considerable Impact on the Financial Results of the Comarch Group in the Second Quarter of 2008 and Factors Which Will Substantially Impact Results Over the Course of at least the Next Quarter.....	- 36 -

5.1.	Revenues and Profit	- 36 -
5.2.	Sales Structure.....	- 38 -
5.3.	Backlog	- 40 -
5.4.	ComArch S.A. Stock Price Performance	- 40 -
5.5.	Events in the Second Quarter of 2008 that Greatly Impacted the Current Activities of the Comarch Group	- 41 -
5.6.	Events after the Balance Sheet Date that Greatly Impacted the Current Activities of the Comarch Group	- 41 -
VI.	QUARTERLY SUMMARY OF COMARCH S.A. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE SECOND QUARTER OF 2008	- 42 -

I. Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Note	At 30 June 2008	At 31 December 2007
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3.2	209,598	182,633
Goodwill		3,284	3,284
Intangible assets		37,520	35,559
Non-current prepayments		8,684	8,458
Investment in subsidiaries	3.3	-	-
Investment in associates	3.3	-	-
Other investment		607	106
Deferred income tax assets	3.14	8,111	12,341
		267,804	242,381
Current assets			
Inventories	3.4	22,243	32,839
Trade and other receivables	3.7	148,239	188,550
Current income tax receivables		112	-
Long-term contracts receivables	3.11	16,718	17,806
Available-for-sale financial assets	3.5	10,175	-
Other financial assets at fair value – derivative financial instruments	3.6	84	-
Cash and cash equivalents		252,592	66,362
		450,163	305,557
Assets dedicated for sale	3.8	2,864	10,551
TOTAL ASSETS		720,831	558,489
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to the company's shareholders			
Share capital	3.9	7,960	7,960
Other capitals		131,846	128,875
Exchange differences		(423)	321
Net profit for the current period		166,840	42,770
Retained earnings		149,395	106,626
		455,618	286,552
Minority interest		14,706	14,228
Total equity		470,324	300,780
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Credit and loans	3.12	89,482	77,739
Other liabilities		-	113
Deferred income tax liabilities		35,959	6,634
Provisions for other liabilities and charges		2,871	2,669
		128,312	87,155
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	3.10	105,911	152,867
Current income tax liabilities		1,343	3,037
Long-term contracts liabilities	3.11	4,654	7,125
Credit and loans	3.12	6,767	4,945
Provisions for other liabilities and charges		3,520	2,580
		122,195	170,554
Total liabilities		250,507	257,709
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		720,831	558,489

II. Consolidated Income Statement

	Note	Q2 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2008	Q2 2007	6 months ended 30 June 2007
Revenue		164,720	275,052	172,033	270,409
Cost of sales		(128,666)	(214,404)	(142,861)	(214,404)
Gross profit on sales		36,054	60,648	29,172	56,005
Other operating income		53	484	469	750
Sales and marketing costs		(12,467)	(22,848)	(9,010)	(18,902)
Administrative expenses		(17,708)	(26,118)	(7,643)	(14,916)
Other operating expenses		(1,687)	(2,358)	(2,810)	(3,904)
Operating profit		4,245	9,808	10,178	19,033
Finance costs-net		2,245	192,189	(603)	(121)
Share of profit/(loss) of associates		-	-	992	1,846
Profit before income tax		6,490	201,997	10,567	20,758
Income tax expense		(4,033)	(34,730)	(2,712)	(2,829)
Net profit for the period		2,457	167,267	7,855	17,929
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the company		1,704	166,840	7,888	17,886
Minority interest		753	427	-33	43
		2,457	167,267	7,855	17,929
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the company during the period (expressed in PLN per share)					
- basic	3.15	0.21	20.96	1.03	2.33
- diluted	3.15	0.21	20.96	1.02	2.30

III. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Attributable to equity holders					Minority interest	Total equity
	Share capital	Other capitals	Exchange differences	Net result for the period	Retained earnings		
Balance at 1 January 2007	7,519	127,795	463	-	106,626	14,580	256,983
Capital from valuation of the managerial option	-	554	-	-	-	-	554
Increase in capital	441	-	-	-	-	-	441
<i>Currency translation differences¹</i>	-	-	(99)	-	-	-	(99)
<i>Profit for the period²</i>	-	-	-	17,886	-	43	17,929
Total income recognised in equity (1-2)	-	-	(99)	17,886	-	43	17,830
Balance at 30 June 2007	7,960	128,349	364	17,886	106,626	14,623	275,808
Balance at 1 January 2008	7,960	128,875	321	-	149,396	14,228	300,780
Capital from valuation of the managerial option	-	2,970	-	-	-	-	2,970
Capital from revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in capital	-	-	-	-	-	51	51
<i>Currency translation differences¹</i>	-	-	(744)	-	-	-	(744)
<i>Profit for the period²</i>	-	-	-	166,840	-	427	167,267
Total income recognised in equity (1-2)	-	-	(744)	166,840	-	427	166,523
At 30 June 2008	7,960	131,845	(423)	166,840	149,396	14,706	470,324

IV. Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

	6 months ended 30 June 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2007
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net profit	167,267	17,929
Total adjustments	(137,213)	(5,414)
Share in net (gains) losses of related parties valued using the equity method of accounting	-	(1,846)
Depreciation	9,382	8,101
Exchange gains (losses)	(854)	(37)
Interest and profit-sharing (dividends)	1,170	1,646
(Profit) loss on investing activities	(189,708)	(99)
Change in inventories	10,595	(21,144)
Change in receivables	51,181	(17,508)
Change in liabilities and provisions excluding credits and loans	(21,925)	25,473
Other adjustments	2,946	-
Net profit less total adjustments	30,054	12,515
Income tax paid	(2,033)	(3,279)
Net cash used in operating activities	28,021	9,236
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of an associate	-	-
Proceeds from sale of an associate	-	-
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(39,026)	(35,697)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	258	387
Purchases of intangible assets	(3,586)	(2,427)
Purchases of available-for-sale financial assets	(16,965)	(2,082)
Proceeds from sales of financial assets	206,489	2,078
Granted non-current loans	(500)	-
Interest	530	-
Other proceeds from financial assets	(210)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	146,990	(37,741)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from share issue	-	-
Proceeds from credits and loans	15,031	20,535
Net proceeds from share issue	51	441
Repayments of credits and loans	(1,564)	(1,249)
Redemption of debt securities	-	-
Bond interest	-	-
Other interest	(2,826)	(1,470)
Other expenses	-	-
Other financial proceeds	71	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	10,763	18,257
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts	185,774	(10,248)
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at beginning of the period	66,362	62,790
Positive (negative) exchange differences in cash and bank overdrafts	(1,164)	(525)
Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at end of the period	250,972	52,017
- including limited disposal	10,086	-

V. Supplementary Information

1. Information about Group Structure and Activities

The basic activities of the Comarch Group (the "Group"), in which ComArch S.A. with its registered seat in Krakow at Al. Jana Pawła II 39 A is the dominant unit, include production, trade and services in the fields of IT and telecommunications, PKD 72.22.Z. The registration court for ComArch S.A. is the District Court for Krakow Śródmieście in Krakow, XI Economic Division of the National Court Register. The company's KRS number is 0000057567. ComArch S.A. holds the dominant share in the Group regarding realised revenues, value of assets and number and volume of executed contracts. ComArch S.A. shares are admitted to public trading on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. The duration of the dominant unit is not limited.

On 30 June 2008, the following entities formed the Comarch Group (in parentheses, the share of votes held by ComArch S.A.):

- ComArch Spółka Akcyjna with its registered seat in Krakow,
- ComArch, Inc. with its registered seat in Miami (100.00 %),
- ComArch Panama, Inc. with its registered seat in Panama (100.00 % subsidiary of ComArch, Inc.),
- ComArch Software AG with its registered seat in Dresden (100.00 %),
- ComArch Software S.A.R.L. with its registered seat in Lille (100,00 % subsidiary of ComArch Software AG),
- ComArch Middle East FZ-LCC with its registered seat in Dubai (100.00 %),
- ComArch LLC with its registered seat in Kiev (100.00 %),
- ComArch s.r.o. with its registered seat in Bratislava (100.00 %),
- OOO ComArch with its registered seat in Moscow (100.00 %),
- UAB ComArch with its registered seat in Vilnius (100.00 %),
- CA Services S.A. with its registered seat in Krakow (99.90 %),
- ComArch Management Spółka z o. o. (limited liability company) with its registered seat in Krakow (100.00 %),
- ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty (closed investment fund) (ComArch S.A. holds 100.00 % of issued investment certificates),
- ComArch Management Spółka z o. o. Spółka Komandytowo-Akcyjna (limited partnership and joint-stock company) with its registered seat in Krakow (57.09 % votes held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty; 4.76 % votes held by ComArch S.A.; 38.15 % votes from shares purchased by ComArch Management Spółka z o. o. SKA to be redeemed),
- Bonus Development Sp. z o.o. Spółka Komandytowa Akcyjna (limited partnership and joint-stock company) with its registered seat in Krakow (99.12 % votes held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty),
- iMed24 S.A. with its registered seat in Krakow (100.00 % votes held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty),
- iFIN24 S.A. with its registered seat in Krakow (100.00 % votes held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty),
- MKS Cracovia SSA with its registered seat in Krakow (49.15 %).

The structure of activities of the Comarch Group is as follows: the dominant entity acquires the majority of contracts and in large part executes them. ComArch Inc., ComArch Software AG, ComArch Middle East FZ-LCC, ComArch LLC, ComArch Panama, Inc., OOO ComArch, UAB ComArch, acquire contracts in foreign markets and execute them in their entirety or in part. CA Services S.A. specialises in data communications relating to the provision of connections for the own needs of the Comarch Group and for contracts executed by Comarch, as well as the provision of outsourcing services. It is planned to stop operations of ComArch s.r.o. The subject matter of activities of ComArch Management Sp. z o.o. and ComArch Management Sp. z o.o SKA will be activities related to IT. Purpose of the Fund is investment activity in the scope of new technologies and Internet services that are not ComArch S.A.'s basic activities. The subject matter of activities of Bonus Development Sp. z o.o. SKA will be activities related to real estates. iMed24 S.A. conducts an IT project related to telemedicine (EHR - Electronic Health Record management). iFIN24 S.A. conducts an IT project related to financial services. MKS Cracovia SSA is a sport joint stock company.

2. Description of the Applied Accounting Policies

This consolidated financial statement for the 6 months ended 30 June 2008 was prepared pursuant to the International Accounting Standards (IAS), the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations published by the Committee for Interpretation of International Financial Reporting, as approved by the European Union.

These financial statements were prepared pursuant to the historical cost principle with the exception of those items that are appraised in another way pursuant to these principles. Preparation of the statement pursuant to IFRS requires a number of estimates to be done and the application of individual judgement. Note 2.3.2 presents those areas of the financial statement, which require significant estimates or for which significant judgement is required. The financial statement was prepared with the assumption of the continuation of commercial activities by the Comarch Group in the foreseeable future. According to company's management, there are no circumstances suggesting any threat to the continuation of activities. The Comarch Group prepares its income statement in the calculation version, whereas the cash flow statement is prepared according to the indirect method.

The consolidated financial statement of the Comarch Group for the 6 months ended 30 June 2008 comprises the financial statements of the following companies:

	Relationship	Consolidation method	% interest held by ComArch S.A. in subsidiary's share capital
ComArch S.A.	dominant unit	full	
ComArch Software AG	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
ComArch, Inc.	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
ComArch Middle East FZ-LCC	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
ComArch LLC	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
ComArch s.r.o.	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
ComArch Panama, Inc.	subsidiary	full	100.00 % held by ComArch, Inc.
OOO ComArch	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
UAB ComArch	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
CA Services S.A.	subsidiary	full	99.90 %
ComArch Software S.A.R.L.	subsidiary	full	100.00 % held by ComArch Software AG
ComArch Management Sp. z o.o.	subsidiary	full	100.00 %
ComArch Management Sp. z o.o. SKA	subsidiary	full	57.09 % held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty, 4.76 % held by ComArch S.A., 38.15 % purchased by ComArch Management Sp. z o.o. SKA to be redeemed
ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty	subsidiary	full	100.00 % in total number of investment certificates
Bonus Development Sp. z o.o. SKA	subsidiary	full	99.12 % held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty
iMED24 S.A.	subsidiary	full	100.00 % held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty
iFIN24 S.A.	subsidiary	full	100.00 % held by ComArch Corporate Finance Fundusz Inwestycyjny Zamknięty
MKS Cracovia SSA*	subsidiary	full	49.15 %

*) MKS Cracovia SSA is ComArch S.A.'s subsidiary according to IAS 27 pt 13d.

2.1. Methods of Valuation of Assets and Liabilities and the Determination of Financial Results

2.1.1 Segment Reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. The Group has chosen to report using business segment as a basic segment. The basic segments are IT and sport.

2.1.2 Consolidation

a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities), over which Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired this difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

Transactions, settlements and unrealised gains on transactions among the Group's entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated, unless the transactions provide evidence for a loss in the value of a provided asset. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control; this generally accompanies a shareholding of between 20 % and 50 % of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised as costs. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of its associates is recognised in the income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. Cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2.1.3 Foreign Currency Translation

a) Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Polish zlotys (PLN), which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

b) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates

prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities held at fair value through profit and loss, are reported as part of their fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities classified as available-for-sale assets, are included in the available-for-sale reserve in equity.

c) Group Companies

The results and financial position of all group entities (none of which operates in a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate of the date of the balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expense are translated at the dates of the transactions); and all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of credits and loans and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are included in shareholder equity. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.1.4 Investments

a) Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

This category comprises two subcategories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit and loss at inception. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of sale in the short term or if so designated by management. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. This type of derivative is classified separately in 'Derivative financial instruments' in the balance sheet. Assets in this category are classified as current if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months from the balance sheet.

b) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and with no intention of trading. These arise when the Group gives cash, goods or services directly to the debtor, without the intention of introducing its receivables into trading. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as trade and other receivables in the balance sheet.

c) Held-to-Maturity Investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

d) Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months from the balance sheet date.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are no longer recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets available-for-sale and financial assets carried at fair value, through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Loans, receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at

amortised cost using the effective interest method. Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the income statement within other (losses)/gains – net, in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the non monetary securities classified as 'available-for-sale' are recognised in equity. When securities classified as available for sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (or if a security is unlisted), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These comprise the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis and models (commonly regarded as correct) of the valuation of derivative instruments based on input data from the active market.

The Group assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired at each balance sheet date. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the security is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement.

2.1.5 Non-Current Assets

a) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are recorded at their acquisition prices less the current redemption as well as possible write-offs due to permanent loss in value. The Group carries out depreciation write-offs using the straight-line method. The following depreciation rates have been adopted:

- computer software 30 %
- licences 30 %
- copyrights 30 %
- other rights 10-20 %

Adopted depreciation rates are related to the estimated useful life of intangible assets. In the case of intangible assets that were acquired for a particular project, the depreciation period is established as the duration of the project.

The right of perpetual usufruct of land relating to SSA Cracovia is classified as an intangible asset with an undefined useful life, therefore it is not depreciated. Lands that MKS Cracovia SSA holds in perpetual usufruct are not depreciated, because of an undefined useful life, since the company expects that the perpetual usufruct rights will be renewed without any major costs, as it is not obliged to meet any conditions, upon which the extension of these rights depends.

In Poland, perpetual usufruct is considered synonymous to ownership, as opposed to a lease after which a user releases land. The company does not expect to incur any major costs for the renewal of perpetual usufruct rights as the co-owner of MKS Cracovia SSA is the City of Krakow. The city supports sports activities, including those of SSA Cracovia through initiatives that include:

- refinancing sports infrastructure
- redeeming real estate taxes
- providing fees for perpetual usufruct

b) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary/associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates. Goodwill recognised separately is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carriage of an amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment

Non-Current Assets

Non-current assets were valued according to acquisition prices or production costs less current redemption and possible write-offs due to losses in value. The adopted depreciation rates correspond to the economic utility of non-current assets. The following detailed principles of depreciation of non-

current assets have been adopted by the company: assets are depreciated with the straight-line method with application of depreciation rates corresponding with periods of their economic utility. In most cases, depreciation rates are: 2.5 % (for group number I), 30 % (for group number IV) and 20 % (for groups number VII and VIII). In case of non-current assets acquired in order to be used in a specific project, the depreciation period is set as equal to the project duration.

Non-Current Assets under Construction

Fixed assets under construction are valued according to the acquisition price less any possible write-offs due to permanent loss in value. The company applies the rule that interests on investment credit, in the period when the investment is realised, are recognised as non-current assets under construction. Interests on investment credit decrease the annual result within finance costs, after non-current asset, financed by credit, was brought to use.

Improvements in Third Party Non-Current Assets

Improvements in third party non-current assets are valued according to the acquisition price less any current redemptions and possible write-offs due to loss in value.

d) Leases

The Group uses leased vehicles and computer equipment. As, according to the agreements made, practically all risks and benefits resulting from the title of ownership of the subject matter leased have been transferred, these are classified as finance leases. They have been classified as assets and liabilities in the amounts equal to the minimum leasing fees set forth as at the date of lease initiation. Leasing fees are divided into liabilities (reductions of the unpaid balance of liabilities) and finance charges. The interest part of finance costs is charged to the income statement throughout the lease term so as to obtain a constant periodic interest rate on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The means used on lease principles are subject to depreciation within a shorter period of time of either the asset's useful life or the lease term.

e) Non-Current Prepayments

Non-current prepayments refer to the perpetual usufruct rights for land used by the ComArch S.A. dominant unit. It has a defined useful life, therefore it is depreciated. The depreciation period is 85 years, which means that it is calculated at a rate of 1.2 %.

f) Impairment of Assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the amount carried may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less sales costs and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

2.1.6 Current Assets

a) Inventories, Products in Progress and Finished Goods

Production in progress given in the statement refers to software produced by the Group and allocated for multiple sales. Production in progress is valued according to direct technical production costs.

Application software produced by the Group and allocated for multiple sales is valued in the period when it benefits, no longer than 36 months from an initial sale, in the amount of surplus of software production costs over net revenues obtained from sales of these products within the following 36 months. Software production costs, not written off after this period of time, increase other operational costs.

Depending on the nature of the produced software and the assessment of its possible sales, expenditures incurred for software production, in the amount of 50 % to 100 % of the invoiced sale in the above time period of sales, are written off into its own costs, provided that the 50 % rate is the basic rate. If the company is aware of limits to sales capacity at an earlier point, it immediately performs a write-off revaluing production in progress in the amount of expenses in reference to which there is a probability that they will not be recovered, or does a one-time write-off of the entirety of unsettled expenses (depending on the degree of risk valuation) into its own cost of sales.

The register of materials and finished goods is managed at current purchase prices. Expenses are appraised according to the FIFO principle. Finished goods are appraised according to actual purchase prices, no higher than net selling prices.

b) Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently according to adjusted acquisition prices (at amortised cost). Receivables are recognised as current or non-current receivables depending on maturity (depending on whether this is less than or over 12 months from the balance sheet date).

In order to make their value real, receivables are decreased by write-offs revaluating bad debts. Write-offs due to loss in value correspond with the difference between balance sheet value and the current value of actual cash flows from the given item of assets. Due to the specific nature of activities (limited scope of receivables from mass contractors), appropriate updating of write-offs is carried out by way of a detailed identification of receivables and an assessment of risk of the inflow of funds resulting from contractual and business conditions.

c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at banks and liquid current securities.

d) Settlement of Long-Term Contracts

Costs related to long-term contracts are given when they occur. The result in contracts is determined according to the progress of work if a reliable determination of such is possible. The progress of work is measured based on the value of costs incurred by the balance sheet date divided by the total estimated costs due to contracts, expressed as a percentage. If it is probable that the total costs due to an agreement exceed total revenues, the anticipated loss is recognised immediately.

In assets, the Group presents 'Long-term contracts receivables' for cases where there is a surplus in incurred costs and recognised profits due to long-term contracts over the value of invoiced sales for contractors. Otherwise, when there is a surplus of the invoiced sales to contractors over the value of incurred costs and recognised profits due to long-term contracts, the Group presents an item in the liabilities called 'Long-term contracts liabilities'. The above surpluses are determined for each contract separately and are presented separately without balancing particular items.

2.1.7 Equity

Equity includes:

- a) the share capital of the dominant unit presented at nominal value,
- b) other capitals established:
 - from profit-sharing,
 - from surpluses of shares sold above their nominal value (premium share),
 - from the valuation of managerial options,
- c) retained profit resulting from adjustments resulting from changes to accounting principles and from the results achieved by the Group, which were not transferred to other

2.1.8 Employee Benefits

a) Share-Based Plans

The Group has a share-based reward scheme. The fair value of employee services received in exchange for every grant of options increases costs. The total amount to be spent over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The proceeds received when the option is exercised, i.e. proceeds from comprising shares (less transaction costs related directly to option exercising) are credited to share capital (nominal value) and the share premium is credited to supplementary capital.

2.1.9 Liabilities and Provisions for Liabilities

a) Trade Liabilities and Other Liabilities

Initially trade and other liabilities are recognised at their fair value and at the balance sheet date they are recognised at adjusted acquisition prices (depreciated cost). Liabilities, depending on maturity (up to or over 12 months from the balance sheet date) are recorded as current or non-current items.

b) Financial Liabilities

At the time of initial recognition, financial liabilities are valued at fair value, increased (in case of an item of liabilities not qualified as valued at fair value by the financial result) by transaction costs. After the initial recognition, the unit appraises financial liabilities according to depreciated costs using the

effective interest method, with the exception of derivative instruments, which are valued at fair value. Financial liabilities set as items being hedged are subject to appraisal pursuant to hedge accounting principles.

c) Provisions for Liabilities

Provisions for restructuring costs, guarantee repairs and legal claims are recognised if:

- The Group has current legal or customary liabilities resulting from past events;
- There is a high probability that expending Group funds may be necessary to settle these liabilities, and
- Their value has been reliably assessed.

Restructuring provisions mostly comprise employee severance payments. These provisions are not recognised in reference to future operational losses. If there are a number of similar liabilities, the probability of the necessity for expending funds for settlement is assessed for the whole group of similar liabilities. The provision is recognised even if the probability of expending funds in reference to one item within the group of liabilities is small.

The provisions are appraised at the current value of costs assessed according to the best knowledge of company management. Incurring such costs is necessary in order to settle the current liability at the balance sheet date. The discount rate applied for determining current value reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and impairments relating to a given liability.

2.1.10 Deferred Income Tax

The general principle, pursuant to IAS12, is applied. It states that due to temporary differences between the presented value of assets and liabilities as well as their tax value and tax loss it will possible to deduct in the future, a provision is established and deferred income tax assets are defined.

Deferred income tax assets are defined in the amount that it is anticipated will have to be deducted from income tax in the future in reference to negative temporary differences which shall result in the future in reducing the amount of the basis of taxation and the deductible tax loss defined using the precautionary principle.

Deferred income tax liabilities are established in the amount of income tax payable in the future in reference to positive temporary differences, which would result in increasing the basis of taxation in the future.

Deferred income tax is established using fiscal rates (and regulations) which are legally binding at the balance sheet date, which according to expectations shall be in force at the moment of realisation of relevant deferred income tax assets or settlement of deferred income tax liability.

The difference between deferred income tax liabilities and deferred income tax assets at the end and at the beginning of the reporting period affects the financial results. In addition, liabilities and assets due to deferred income tax related to operations settled with equity are referred into equity.

2.2. Recognition of Revenues and Costs

The Comarch Group's operations mostly consist of producing software for multiple sales and implementing IT integration contracts. As part of its integration contracts, Comarch offers the implementation of IT turnkey systems consisting of (own and third party) software and/or computer hardware and/or services such as:

- implementation services,
- installation services,
- guarantee and post-guarantee services,
- technical assistance services,
- software customisation services,
- other IT and non-IT services necessary for system implementation.

In determining the total revenues from contracts, the following items are taken into account:

- revenues from proprietary software (irrespective of form, i.e. licences, property rights, etc.),
- revenues from services

Unit managers may decide to include estimated revenues that are highly probable to be realised into the total revenues from a contract (e.g. during the implementation of the contract, project modifications are carried out for technical reasons and it is justified to assume with some probability that the ordering party will accept the modifications and that there will be revenues flowing from them).

When integration contracts under which software is allocated for multiple sales are Comarch property, the revenues and costs related to this software and the revenues and costs related to the other part of the integration contract are recognised separately.

Several integration contracts are combined and recognised as one contract, if:

- the agreements are executed at the same time or sequentially one after another and the precise separation of the costs of their execution is impossible, or
- the agreements are so closely inter-related that they are actually parts of a single project and share a single profit margin for the entire project.

Revenues from other services (e.g. technical services, technical assistance) are recognised equally during the term of an agreement/service provision. Revenues from hardware sales and the sale of other finished goods are recognised in accordance with agreed delivery terms.

Revenues from sales of other services, products, finished goods and property items comprise sums of fair values from due invoiced revenues taking into account discounts and rebates without commodity and services taxes.

Sales costs include marketing costs and the costs of order acquisition by sales centres (departments) in the Comarch Group.

General costs consist of the costs of the Comarch Group functioning as a whole and include administrative expenses and the costs of departments that operate for the general needs of the Group. Exchange rate differences related to receivables are presented in 'Revenues from sales' and those related to liabilities are presented in 'Cost of sales.'

The Groups receives subsidies for the financing of R&D projects within the framework of European Union aid programmes. These subsidies are systematically recognised as revenue in particular periods so as to ensure that they are adequate to incurred costs, which should be compensated by subsidies respectively to the reason of their settlement. These subsidies diminish the respective direct costs, which are presented in the cost of sales just after they are compensated with subsidies.

a) Other Operational Revenues and Costs

Other operational revenues and costs comprise revenues and costs not directly related to the regular activities of the units and mostly include: the result of the sale of property, plant and equipment and intangibles, subsidies, established provisions and the consequences of asset revaluation.

b) Financial Revenues and Costs

Financial revenues and costs mostly include: revenues and costs due to interest, those from the result achieved due to exchange rate differences in financial activities, those from disposal of financial assets and those arising as the consequences of the investment revaluation.

2.3. Financial Risk Management

The company is exposed to the following main types of financial risk:

a) Credit Risk

The company establishes the financial credibility of potential clients before signing contracts for the supply of IT systems and adjusts the conditions of each contract to the potential risk depending on its assessment of the financial standing of the client. Concentration of credit risk is limited due to diversification of the Group's sales to a significant number of customers in different branch of economy, in different world's regions.

b) Risk of Change in Interest Rates

The company is exposed to the risk of changes in interest rates related to long-term investment credits to finance the construction of new production buildings in the Special Economic Zone in Krakow. These are credits at variable interest rates based on the WIBOR index. The company has not been hedging this interest rate risk; however it monitors market situation in this scope. The influence of interest rate changes on the amount of interest on credit paid is partly compensated for by a change in the amount of interest received on cash and cash equivalents.

c) Risk of Fluctuation in the Exchange Rates

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in relation to export sales and sales denominated in foreign currencies, especially in relation to foreign exchange of EURO/PLN and USD/PLN. At the same time, part of the company's costs is also expressed in or related to exchange rates for foreign currencies. In individual cases, the company hedges future payments with forward contracts and currency options.

The balance sheet value of assets and financial liabilities of the Group denominated in foreign currencies is related to receivables and liabilities due to deliveries and services as well as cash as at the balance sheet date.

d) Financial Liquidity Risk

The Group has a liquidity risk management system to manage its short, medium and long-term funds. The fundamental financial liquidity risk arises because the majority of costs incurred by the Group are fixed, while revenue from sales, as is typical for a services company, fluctuates. The Group manages liquidity risk by holding the appropriate amount of working capital, by holding reserve credit lines in the current account, by constantly monitoring the forecasted and actual cash flows and by analyzing the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

2.3.1 Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

Derivative financial instruments designated as 'hedging instruments' according to IAS 39, qualified as fair value hedging, are recognised at fair value and changes in their valuation refer to the results of financial operations.

Derivative financial instruments designated as 'hedging instruments' according to IAS 39, qualified as cash flow hedging are recognised at fair value and change to their valuation refers to:

- a) capital from the revaluation of prices (in the part constituting effective hedging),
- b) the results of financial operations (in the part not constituting effective hedging).

Derivative financial instruments designated as 'non-hedging instruments' according to IAS 39 are valued at fair value and changes in their valuation refers to the results of financial operations.

2.3.2 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including anticipations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under given circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

- a) Estimation of the total costs of the execution of projects related to the appraisal of long-term contracts, pursuant to IAS 11,

Pursuant to the accounting principles adopted by the company, the company determines the degree of progress for long-term contracts by way of determining the ratio of currently incurred costs for a given project to the total estimated project costs. Due to the long-term nature of projects under way and their complex structure, as well as the possibility of unexpected difficulties related to their execution it may happen that the actual total costs for project execution differ from the estimates made for specific balance sheet dates. Changes in estimates of total project execution costs could result in the definition of project progress at the balance sheet date and consequently recognised revenues, in different amounts.

- b) Estimations related to the determination and recognition of deferred income tax assets, pursuant to IAS 12,

As the company operates in the Special Economic Zone and enjoys investment allowances as a result, the company determines the value of deferred income tax assets on the basis of forecasts relating to the shape of the tax-exempt income and the period, in which such income may be noted. Due to high business fluctuations in the IT industry (in which the company is active) it is possible that the actual results and tax-exempt income may differ from the company's anticipations.

- c) Estimation of possible costs related to current court proceedings against the company, pursuant to IAS 37.

At the balance sheet date, the Group is the plaintiff and the defendant in a number of court proceedings. Preparing the financial statement, the Group always assesses the opportunities and risks related to court proceedings and, in accordance with the results of such analyses, establishes provisions for potential losses. However, there is always a risk that the courts will pronounce verdicts different from the expectations of the company and the established provisions will be insufficient or excessive in comparison with the actual results of the proceedings.

- d) Estimation due to carrying out yearly test on loss in the goodwill according to IFRS3 and IAS 36

At the end of every fiscal year the Group carries out tests on losses in the goodwill according to accounting rules contained in note 2.1.5. b). Due to the execution of tests on possible losses in goodwill, goodwill is allocated in cash-generating units. The recovering value is established on the basis of fair value. These calculations require the company to use estimations related to projections of cash flows in the IT segment in the next fiscal year and anticipated IT market developments in Poland in the

next several years. Due to the large amount of business fluctuation in the IT industry (in which the company is active) it is possible that the actual results and tax-exempt income may differ from the company's anticipations.

2.4. Interim Measurement Note

The IT industry is subject to seasonal fluctuations, with peak demand in the fourth quarter of each year. The costs, which are incurred unevenly during the fiscal year of the economic unit are anticipated or transferred into settlements over time at the mid-year date if and only if their anticipation or transfer into settlement over time is also appropriate at the end of the fiscal year.

Current income tax is calculated on a monthly basis, based on current financial details, in accordance with regulations applicable in the country of the head office of the Capital Group.

2.5. New Standards and IFRIC Interpretations

This consolidated financial statement was prepared pursuant to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as approved by the European Union. The scope of the regulations approved by the European Union differs from the full regulations of IFRS that could be applied to financial statements for the three months ended 31 March 2008. This difference results from the below-mentioned changes to standard that have not been approved by the European Union yet:

- Changes to IAS 39 Hedge accounting.

It is the view of the Management Board that these changes to standard would have no significant effect on the financial statement if they were applied as at the balance sheet date.

The following standards and interpretations have been published by International Accounting Standards Board or International Financial Reporting Standards Committee however they will be mandatory for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008:

- Changes to IAS 23 „Borrowing costs” (an effective date: 1 January 2009)

- IFRS 8 „Operating Segments” replaces the requirements of IAS 14 and will be mandatory for annual financial statements for the periods beginning on 1 January 2009. This interpretation will not have a significant impact on the method of classification and presentation of business segments.

- Interpretation of IFRIC 11 "Applying IFRS 12 in transactions related to the groups' and proprietary shares", (an effective date for the periods beginning on or after 1 March 2007).

- Interpretation of IFRIC 12 „Service Concession Arrangements” (an effective date: 1 January 2008). This interpretation will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statement. This interpretation does not have an impact on the Group's financial statements.

- Interpretation of IFRIC 13 – Loyalty Programmes (an effective date: 1 January 2008). In case of circumstances accounting for applying this interpretation, the Group will adopt the principles.

- Interpretation of IFRIC 14 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction (an effective date: 1 January 2008). This interpretation does not have an impact on the Group's financial statement.

In the opinion of the Group's Management the above-mentioned accounting standards, interpretations and changes to standards will not have any significant impact on the accounting policy applied by the Group and the financial statement.

3. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statement

3.1. Segment Information for the 6 months ended 30 June 2008

The Group has chosen to report using business segment as base segment. The operations of Comarch's subsidiary units comprise the following types of activities: the sale of IT systems (hereinafter referred to as the "IT segment") and professional sports (hereinafter referred to as the "sport segment"; MKS Cracovia SSA). The IT segment has a dominant share in sales revenues, profits and assets.

Revenues, costs and financial results

6 months ended 30 June 2007

Item	Segment IT	Segment sport	Eliminations	TOTAL
Revenues per segment- sales to external clients, including:	266,087	5,072	-	271,159
<i>revenues from sales</i>	265,494	4,915	-	270,409
<i>other revenues /operating and financing/</i>	593	157	-	750
Revenues per segment - sales to other segments	-	3,210	(3,210)	-
Revenues per segment - total*	266,087	8,282	(3,210)	271,159
Costs per segment relating to sales to external clients	247,260	4,987	-	252,247
Costs per segment relating to sales to other segments	-	3,210	(3,210)	-
Costs per segment - total*	247,260	8,197	(3,210)	252,247
Current taxes	(687)	-	-	(687)
Assets for the tax due to investment allowances and other tax relief	(2,142)	-	-	(2,142)
Share of segment in the result of parties valued using the equity method of accounting	1,846	-	-	1,846
Net result,	17,844	85	-	17,929
including:				
<i>result attributable to shareholders of the dominant unit</i>	17,844	42	-	17,886
<i>result attributable to minority interest</i>	-	43	-	43

*) items comprise revenues and costs of all types, which can be directly allocated to particular segments

6 months ended 30 June 2008

Item	Segment IT	Segment Sport	Eliminations	TOTAL
Revenues per segment- sales to external clients, <i>including:</i>	460,226	7,499	-	467,725
<i>revenues from sales</i>	267,647	7,405	-	275,052
<i>other revenues /operating and financing/ financial revenues</i>	390	94	-	484
	192,189	-	-	192,189
Revenues per segment - sales to other segments	-	3,146	(3,146)	-
Revenues per segment - total*	460,226	10,645	(3,146)	467,725
Costs per segment relating to sales to external clients	259,097	6,631	-	265,728
Costs per segment relating to sales to other segments	-	3,146	(3,146)	-
Costs per segment - total*	259,097	9,777	(3,146)	265,728
Current taxes	(1,147)	(28)	-	(1,175)
Assets for the tax due to investment allowances and other tax relief	(33,462)	(93)	-	(33,555)
Share of segment in the result of parties valued using the equity method of accounting	-	-	-	-
Net result,	166,520	747	-	167,267
<i>including:</i>				
<i>result attributable to shareholders of the dominant unit</i>	166,520	320	-	166,840
<i>result attributable to minority interest</i>	-	427	-	427

*) items comprise revenues and costs of all types, which can be directly allocated to particular segments.

Sales between specific segments are calculated based on market conditions.

Share of business segments in Assets and Liabilities and Investment Expenditures

The following table presents the assets and liabilities of particular segments as well as investment expenditures and depreciation as at 30 June 2007 and as at 30 June 2008 are as follows:

6 months ended 30 June 2007

	Segment IT	Segment Sport	Total
Assets	480,773	40,623	521,396
Liabilities	205,839	39,749	245,588
Investment expenditures	39,881	325	40,206
Depreciation	7,789	312	8,101

6 months ended 30 June 2008

	Segment IT	Segment Sport	Total
Assets	675,757	45,074	720,831
Liabilities	237,044	13,463	250,507
Investment expenditures	58,557	1,800	60,357
Depreciation	8,870	512	9,382

Due to the geographical distribution of its activities, the Comarch Group has defined the following market segments: Poland, Europe, the Americas, and other countries. The 'Sport' segment operates solely within the territory of Poland. Due to the fact that only the IT segment operates abroad and at the same time the costs incurred in the IT segment are largely common for export and domestic sales, defining separate results for export and domestic activities is futile. Sales between specific segments are calculated based on market conditions.

The following table presents the allocation of revenues from sales, assets and total investment expenditures into geographical segments.

Revenues from basic sales by market location

	6 months ended 30 June 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2007
Poland	225,219	218,205
Europe	39,665	38,894
The Americas	7,816	10,383
Others	2,352	2,927
TOTAL	275,052	270,409

Assets – activities location

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Poland	691,594	518,776
Europe	16,813	25,078
The Americas	6,211	6,885
Others	6,213	7,750
TOTAL	720,831	558,489

Investments expenditures - activities location

	6 months ended 30 June 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2007	12 months ended 31 December 2007
Poland	59,982	39,784	60,911
Europe	297	292	702
The Americas	77	130	239
Others	1	-	-
TOTAL	60,357	40,206	61,852

3.2. Property, Plant and Equipment

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Lands and buildings	119,401	109,477
Means of transport and machinery	37,227	36,876
Property, plant and equipment under construction	50,991	34,181
Others	1,979	2,100
	209,598	182 633

Property, plant and equipment comprise real estates and machinery owned by the Comarch Group. Comarch's properties include four office buildings in Krakow of a total surface area of 31,343 square metres, one building in Warsaw with a total surface area of 1,620 square metres and one office building in Łódź. The Group also owns undeveloped land in the Special Economic Zone (SEZ) in Krakow with a total surface area of approximately 3.8 ha. Property, plant and equipment under construction also primarily include another office building under construction in the SEZ with a total surface area of 11,445 square metres.

3.3. Investment in Associates

As at 30 June 2008, the Group held no shares in associates.

At 1 January 2007	7,289
Share in profit for 2007	3,262
Transferring shares in INTERIA.PL S.A. to assets classified as available for sales	(10,551)
At 31 December 2007	-
At 1 January 2008	-
Share in profit for the first half of 2008	-
At 30 June 2008	-

	Country of incorporation	Assets	Liabilities	% shares held
At 31 December 2007				
INTERIA.PL S.A.	Poland	39,799	11,689	36.08
At 30 June 2008				
INTERIA.PL S.A.	Poland	-	-	-

	Country of incorporation	Revenues	Profit (loss)	% shares held
6 months ended 30 June 2007				
INTERIA.PL S.A.	Poland	30,897	5,118	36.08
6 months ended 30 June 2008				
INTERIA.PL S.A.	Poland	-	-	-

On 1 January 2007 ComArch S.A. held 2,538,369 shares of INTERIA.PL S.A., which constituted 36.08 % of company's share capital. These shares gave ComArch S.A. 11,609,625 votes at the General Meeting, which constituted 48.48 % of the total number of votes.

On 3 December 2007, an agreement on INTERIA.PL S.A. ownership transfer between ComArch S.A. with its registered seat in Krakow and SKA was concluded. In consequence of this agreement, ComArch S.A. transferred INTERIA.PL S.A. ownership to SKA. These were 2,267,814 registered preferential shares and 270,555 ordinary bearer shares. They in total constituted 36.08 % of share capital of INTERIA.PL S.A. and entitled to 48.48 % of votes at the annual general meeting of INTERIA.PL S.A.

As at 30 June 2008, the Group doesn't hold any INTRIA.PL S.A. shares. In January 2008, a transaction of sales of INTERIA.PL S.A. shares by "COMARCH MANAGEMENT Spółka z ograniczoną odpowiedzialnością" Spółka Komandytowo-Akcyjna to "BAUER MEDIA INVEST" GmbH was settled. It was a consequence of an agreement concluded between ComArch S.A. and "BAUER MEDIA INVEST" GmbH on 3 December 2007. The company announced details in current report no. 52/2007. Results of the above-mentioned transaction were presented in the Group's income statement for the first quarter of 2008.

3.4. Inventories

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Raw materials	1,318	709
Work in progress	15,322	13,634
Finished goods	5,589	18,494
Advance due to finished	14	2
	22,243	32,839

The cost of inventories included in 'Costs of products, goods and materials sold' amounted to 161.71 million PLN (6 months ended 30 June 2008) and 173.59 million PLN (6 months ended 30 June 2007) and 302.98 million PLN (12 months ended 31 December 2007).

In 2008 the Group reversed a write-off worth 0.022 million PLN that revaluated inventories. In the second quarter of 2008, goods were sold in reference to which write-offs revaluating them were recognised in 2007 and new write-off revaluating inventories was recognised and worth 0.071 million PLN. No hedging was performed in inventories owned by the Group.

On the basis of the current trend in reference to the settlement of production in progress, the Group estimates that after 12 months from the balance sheet date approximately 5.1 million PLN shall remain unsettled. Other inventories will be settled in their entirety within 12 months.

3.5. Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
At the beginning of the	-	-
Additions for the first half	17,214	2,039
Disposal for the first half	(7,039)	(2,039)
At 31 March	10,175	-
Additions for the year	-	-
Disposal for the year	-	-
At 31 December	-	-

In the periods related to this statement, no write-offs due to loss in value of available-for-sale financial assets were performed.

Available-for-sale assets comprised participation units in money market and debt securities fund, KBC GAMMA SFIO (7.04 million PLN) and were disposed during reporting period, as well as commercial bills in PKO Leasing Finance S.A., Raiffeisen Leasing Polska SA, PKO Auto Finance S.A. and BRE Leasing Sp. z o.o of total value of 9.97 million PLN and cash deposits in the amount of 0.21 million PLN.

3.6. Derivative Financial Instruments

	30 June 2008		31 December 2007	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Forward foreign exchange contracts– held-for-trading	84	-	-	-
	84	-	-	-
<i>Current portion</i>	84	-	-	-

Derivative financial instruments are classified in the financial statement as an asset of 0.084 million PLN. Profits and losses due to the valuation of forward contracts as at 30 June 2008 are recognised in income statement. They will be exercised within the period of 6 months from the balance sheet date.

The Group has used forward contracts and currency options to reduce the effect of changes in cash flows on financial result, where cash flows are related to transactions and changes planned, are the result of foreign exchange risk. As at 30 June 2008, the above-mentioned instruments are valued at fair value according to market price and changes in valuation were referred into the results from financial operations. As at 30 June 2008, the total value of forward contracts was 0.485 million EURO.

3.7. Trade and Other Receivables

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Trade receivables	140,772	177,651
Less provision for impairment of receivables	(6,993)	(5,699)
Trade receivables – net	133,779	171,952
Other receivables	5,355	4,849
Short-term prepayments	3,821	3,094
Prepayments of revenues	5,253	7,937
Loans	31	34
Receivables from related parties	-	684
	148,239	188,550
<i>Current portion</i>	<i>148,239</i>	<i>188,550</i>

The fair value of trade and other receivables is close to the balance sheet value presented above. There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables as the Group has a large number of internationally dispersed customers. The Group has recognised a write-off due to loss in value of its trade receivables that was worth 1.74 million PLN (6 months ended 30 June 2008) and 4.89 million PLN (12 months ended 31 December 2007). This write-off was presented in the other operating costs in the income statement.

3.8. Assets Classified as Dedicated-for-Sale

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Non-current assets held for disposal	2,864	10,551

In relation to the disposal intention, INTERIA.PL S.A. shares were classified as 'assets dedicated for sale' as at 31 December 2007. In January 2008, sales transaction was settled and all shares were sold to "BAUER MEDIA INVEST" GmbH, therefore as at 30 June 2008, the Group held no INTERIA.PL S.A. shares.

As at 30 June 2008, the value of an office building, located in Warsaw and owned by Comarch S.A., is presented in the total of non-current assets held for disposal. Previously, it was classified as property, plant and equipment in use. Pursuant to the decision of the Management Board, the building was dedicated for sale. Very active operations have been performed to find a purchaser. In the opinion of the Management Board of the Dominant Unit purchaser should be found within a year.

3.9. Share Capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares	Own shares	TOTAL
At 1 January 2007	7,518,770	7,518,770	-	7,518,770
Execution of managerial option programme (registration by the District Court for Kraków-Śródmieście, XI Economic Division of the National Court Register of an increase in share capital on 20 April 2007)	441,826	441,826	-	441,826
At 30 June 2007	7,960,596	7,960,596	-	7,960,596
At 31 December 2007	7,960,596	7,960,596	-	7,960,596
At 30 June 2008	7,960,596	7,960,596	-	7,960,596

The nominal value of one share is 1 PLN.

The share capital of ComArch S.A. consists of:

- 1) 883,600 series A registered preference shares,
- 2) 56,400 series A ordinary bearer shares,
- 3) 883,600 series B registered preference shares,
- 4) 56,400 series B ordinary bearer shares,
- 5) 3,008,000 series C ordinary bearer shares,
- 6) 1,200,000 series D ordinary bearer shares,
- 7) 638,600 series E ordinary bearer shares,
- 8) 125,787 series G ordinary bearer shares,
- 9) 102,708 series G3 ordinary bearer shares,
- 10) 563,675 series H ordinary bearer shares,
- 11) 441,826 series I2 ordinary bearer shares.

Registered shares in series A and B are preferential and each such share corresponds with 5 votes at the General Meeting. The conversion of registered shares into bearer shares is allowed. In case of that registered shares are converted into bearer shares, they lose all preferences. In case that registered preferential shares are disposed their specific voting rights at the General Meeting expire, however their specific voting rights at the General Meeting do not expire in case of:

- a) disposal for the benefit of persons who were shareholders of the company on 18 March 1998,
- b) disposal for the benefit of descendants of a disposer,
- c) conveying property of a registered share as a result of succession.

The written consent of the Management Board is required to dispose of registered shares. The sale of shares without the permission of the Management Board is possible on the condition that it is stated in ComArch S.A.'s statute.

Every ordinary bearer share entitles its holder to one vote at the AGM. The conversion of bearer shares into registered shares is not permitted.

3.9.1. Information about Shareholders Holding Directly or Indirectly by Subsidiary Entities at least 5 % of the Total Number of Votes at the General Meeting of ComArch S.A., at the Date of Preparing the Quarterly Financial Report

Elżbieta and Janusz Filipiak held 3,411,383 shares (42.85 % of the company's share capital), which gave them 10,367,383 votes at the AGM and constituted 69.15 % of all votes at the AGM.

According to information on the day of the report, customers of BZ WBK AIB Asset Management S.A. held 2,150,852 shares (27.02 % of the company's share capital), which gave 2,150,852 votes at AGM and constituted 14.35 % of the total number of votes at the AGM. These shares comprise shares held by BZ WBK AIB Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. (Investment Funds), that according to information on the day of the report held 829,619 shares (10.42 % of the company's share capital), which gave 829,619 votes at AGM (5.53 % of the total number of votes at the AGM).

According to information on the day of the report, there were no changes in significant shareholding structure from the date of the previous quarterly report, i.e. 15 May 2008.

3.9.2. Changes in Share Capital in the Second Quarter of 2008

None present.

3.9.3. Managerial Option Program for Members of the Management Board and Other Key Employees

a) Managerial Option Programme for 2005-2007

On 30 June 2005, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders passed Resolution no. 51 on the managerial options programme for members of the Management Board and the company's Key Employees (17 persons in total). The objective of the programme was to additionally motivate members of the Management Board and Key Employees by options on Comarch shares (hereinafter referred to as the "Option") dependent on increases in the value of the company and its net profit. The program was executed through offers of newly-issued shares in the company in 2006, 2007 and 2008 to members of the Management Board and Key Employees. The value of the Option was at all times equivalent to the difference between the average closing price of the company's shares as of December of each year of the execution of the programme (beginning with 2005) and the issue price of shares offered to members of the Management Board and Key Employees.

Pursuant to the conditions of the program, the company has determined that:

- a) the average capitalisation of ComArch S.A. as of December 2004 was 476.5 million PLN,
- b) the average capitalisation of ComArch S.A. as of December 2005 was 441.7 million PLN,
- c) the average capitalisation of ComArch S.A. as of December 2006 was 1,539.7 million PLN,
- d) the average capitalisation of ComArch S.A. as of December 2007 was 1,410.4 million PLN.

The difference between the average capitalisation in December 2005 and the average capitalisation in December 2004 is negative, which means that the basic condition of the programme has not been met. As a result, shares for members of the Management Board and Key Employees weren't issued in 2006. Basing on the company's quotations on Warsaw Stock Exchange, the Board of Supervisors agreed an increase in the company's cap of 1,098,010,607.08 PLN as at 31 December 2006. The Board of Supervisors agreed an option's value in the amount of 8.2 % of the increase in cap, i.e. 90,036,869.78. On 12 February 2007, the company's Board of Supervisors passed a resolution concerning execution of managerial option programme and declared that 441,834 series I2 shares will be issued, of nominal value of 1 PLN and issue price of 1 PLN. On 14 March 2007, the Board of Supervisors passed a resolution concerning changes in the resolution dated 12 February 2007, concerning execution of managerial option programme. As a result, 441,826 series I2 shares was issued, of nominal value of 1 PLN and issue price of 1 PLN. A subscription of I2 shares took place between 16 March 2007 and 23

March 2007.

The difference between the average capitalisation in December 2007 and the average capitalisation in December 2006 is negative, which means that the basic condition of the programme has not been met. As a result, shares for members of the Management Board and Key Employees will not be issued in 2008.

b) Managerial Option Programme for 2008-2010

On 28 June 2007, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders passed Resolution no. 16 on the managerial options programme for company's Key Employees for 2008-2010. The objective of the programme is to additionally motivate members of the Management Board and Key Employees by options on Comarch shares (hereinafter referred to as the "Option") dependent on increases in the value of the company and increase in its capitalisation. The program will be executed through offers of newly-issued shares in the company in 2009, 2010 and 2011 to Key Employees. The value of the Option is to be at all times equivalent to the difference between the average closing price of the company's shares as of December of each year of the execution of the programme (beginning with 2008) and the issue price of shares offered to Key Employees. The basis for the calculation of the value of the Option shall be increases in company capitalisation, calculated as follows:

- For 2008 it will be the difference between the average capitalisation of the company in December 2007 and the average capitalisation of the company in December 2008; this will be calculated using the average closing price of Comarch shares in December 2004 as 69.53 PLN;
- For 2009 it will be the difference between the average capitalisation of the company in December 2008 and its average capitalisation in December 2009;
- For 2010 it will be the difference between the average capitalisation of the company in December 2009 and its average capitalisation in December 2010.

In the fourth quarter of the year that precedes the year of the Programme execution, the Supervisory Board of the company shall establish a list of Key Employees and single option factors. List of Key Employees and single option factors shall be established independently for each subsequent year. The total value of the all single option factors for each Key Employee in the given year shall amount to 3 % (in words: three percent) of increase in the company's capitalisation.

Pursuant to IFRS2, the company is obliged to calculate the value of the Option and classify it as a cost in the income statement in the Option period, i.e. from its issue date until its expiry date. The company will recognise the value of the particular options beginning from the options' acquiring, i.e. an establishment by the Supervisory Board a list of Key Employees and single option factors for each subsequent year.

The company notes that despite the fact that the value of the Option decreases the net profit of the company and of the Group, this operation does not affect the value of cash flows. Moreover, the economic cost of the Option shall be classified in the income statement through its inclusion in the "diluted net profit" of newly issued shares for the participants of the programme. Despite the fact that the IFRS2 standard was officially adopted by the European Union to companies listed on the stock exchange in the preparation of consolidated statements, many experts point out its controversial nature – in their opinion, placing the cost of the Option in the income statement results in the double inclusion of the effect of the Option programme (once by result and second by dilution).

On 10 December 2007, with the resolution no. 3/12/2007, the Supervisory Board of ComArch S.A. established a list of Key Employees and single option factors for 2008. The total value of the all single option factors for each Key Employee in 2008 shall amount to 3 %.

Pursuant to IFRS2, the company has valued the Option with Black & Scholes model. Apart from the assumptions resulting from the nature of the Option program described above, the following additional assumptions were adopted for the needs of the valuation:

- 5.74 % risk-free rate (the interest rate on 52-week treasury bills);
- 0 % dividend rate (the dividend rate in the period forecast as at the date of the passage of the programme);

34.45 % anticipated volatility (anticipated volatility based on historical volatility from the last 200 quotations prior to the date of the passage of the program on the basis of the average price of shares from opening and closing prices). The determined Option's value amounts to 5.94 million PLN and it will be recognised in the income statement for 2008.

An effect of the Option recognition in the income statement in the second quarter of 2008 was 1.49 million PLN.

3.9.4. Changes in Share Capital after the Balance Sheet Date

None present.

3.10. Trade and Other Payables

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Trade payables	40,837	75,203
Financial liabilities	-	-
Advances received due to services	1,722	5,202
Liabilities to related parties	-	403
Liabilities due to social insurance and other tax charges	18,093	16,964
Investment liabilities	4,854	5,115
Revenues of the future periods	3,657	2,071
Provision for leave	10,698	8,527
Reserve on costs relating to the current period, to be incurred in the future	21,268	28,342
Other payables	2,929	9,611
Special funds (Social Services Fund and Residential Fund)	1,853	1,429
Total liabilities	105,911	152,867

The fair value of trade and other payables is close to the balance sheet value presented above.

3.11. Long-term Contracts

	6 months ended 30 June 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2007
Revenues due to long-term contracts recognised in the reporting period	40,745	53,692
a) revenues from completed contracts recognised in the reporting period	14,961	18,489
b) revenues from contracts not completed recognised in the reporting period	24,402	31,285
c) revenues from contracts not completed recognised in the reporting period- an effect of settlement pursuant to IAS 11	1,382	3,919

Due to the fact that the company applies the rule of determining the degree of work progress in proportion to the share of incurred costs in the entire costs of a contract, the sum of incurred costs and recognised results corresponds to revenues.

At the end of the reporting period, long-term contracts were valued in accordance with the degree of work progress. Changes in settlements due to long-term contracts recognised in assets and liabilities between 31 December 2007 and 30 June 2008 are presented below:

	Prepayments	Accruals	Net
Revenues from long-term contracts included in the reporting period			
Balance of the consolidated prepayments/accruals as at 01 January 2007	23,926	9,744	14,182
Balance of the consolidated prepayments/accrual as at 30 June 2007	25,606	7,505	18,101
Change	-1,680	2,239	3,919
Balance of the consolidated prepayments/accrual as at 01 January 2008	17,806	7,125	10,681
Balance of the consolidated prepayments/accrual as at 30 June 2008	16,718	4,654	12,064
Change	1,088	2,471	1,383

Difference between change in prepayments/accrual and contracts (according to IAS 11).

3.12. Credits and Loans

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Non-current		
Bank credits	89,482	77,739
Loans	-	-
	89,482	77,739
Current		
Bank overdraft	-	-
Loans	206	205
Bank credits	6,561	4,740
	6,767	4,945
Total credit and loans	96,249	82,684

Investments credits

ComArch S.A. credit lines:

a) An investment credit from Fortis Bank Polska S.A. with its registered seat in Warsaw in amount of 20 million PLN for the financing of the first construction stage of production and office buildings in the Special Economic Zone in Krakow. The crediting period may last a maximum of 10 years, i.e. until 2015. This credit has a variable interest rate. As at 30 June 2008, the value of the credit to be repaid amounted to 14 million PLN. A promissory note, the mortgage on land and the building insurance policy are security for this credit.

b) An investment credit from Kredyt Bank S.A. with its registered seat in Warsaw, for the financing of the second construction stage of production and office buildings in the Special Economic Zone in Krakow. The credit amounts to 80 % of the investment value up to a maximum of 26.82 million PLN. The crediting period may last a maximum of 16 years at a variable interest rate. A promissory note, the mortgage on land and the building insurance policy are security for this credit. As at 30 June 2008, the value of the credit to be repaid amounted to 25.99 million PLN.

c) An investment credit from Fortis Bank Polska S.A. with its registered seat in Warsaw, for the financing of the third construction stage of production and office buildings in the Special Economic Zone in Krakow. The credit amounts to 85 % of the investment value up to a maximum of 44,000,000 PLN. The crediting period may last a maximum of 16 years at a variable interest rate and should be taken out by 30 September 2008. A promissory note, the mortgage on land and the building insurance policy are security for this credit. As at 30 June 2008, the value of the credit used amounted to 40.8 million PLN.

d) An investment credit from Bank Pekao S.A. with its registered seat in Warsaw, for the financing of purchase of land in the Special Economic Zone in Krakow. The credit amounts to 15.1 million PLN. The crediting period may last a maximum of 5 years at a variable interest rate. The mortgage on the land is security for this credit. As at 30 June 2007, the value of the credit to be repaid amounted to 15.1 million PLN.

The value of liabilities due to bank credits was recognised in the amount of depreciated cost that was determined using the effective interest. The fair value of liabilities due to credits and loans does not differ significantly from the balance sheet value. Within reporting period, there were neither overdue payments nor interest payments on credits and loans. Comarch did not breach of any provisions of the credit or loan agreements that could entitle the creditor to claim earlier repayment of the credit or loan.

The exposure of the Group's bank credits to interest rate risk arises from investment credits (at variable interest rates). The Group optimises interest by continuously monitoring its interest rate structure and appropriately adjusting the basic interest rate of its credits.

The exposure of Group bank credits to interest rate changes

At 30 June 2008	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Investments credits	3,204	3,203	40,727	48,755	95,889
Interest	154	-	-	-	154
	3,358	3,203	40,727	48,755	96,043

The maturity of non-current bank credits, loans and financial liabilities

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Between 1 and 2 years	6,407	5,458
Between 2 and 5 years	34,320	31,473
Over 5 years	48,755	40,808
	89,482	77,739

Currency structure of the balance sheet values of credits, loans and financial liabilities

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
In Polish currency	96,249	82,684
	96,249	82,684

The effective interest rates at the balance sheet date

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Bank credits	7.13%	6.18 %
Loans	0%	6.20 %

Current credit lines (available, undrawn at the balance sheet date)

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
At variable interest:		
– expiring within one year	35,159	25,436
	35,159	25,436

3.13. Contingent Liabilities

On 30 June 2008, the value of bank guarantee and letters of credit issued by banks on order from ComArch S.A. in reference to executed agreements and participation in tender proceedings was 28.97 million PLN, whereas it was 46.46 million on 31 December 2007.

Granted credit lines for financing of current activities (guarantees, letters of credit)

	30 June 2008	31 December 2007
Credit lines*	87,000	90,000
	87,000	90,000

(*) they comprise credit lines at current account that are described in 3.12

As at 30 June 2008, there were no ComArch S.A.'s suretyships for the debts from lease agreements.

The Comarch Group is the defendant in legal proceedings, in which the potential total amount of third party claims is 4.78 million PLN. In the previous year provisions for part of these claims were created. As at the end of June 2008, additional provisions for these claims were created, and were worth 0.86 million PLN.

As at 30 June 2008, the Group did not have any contractual obligations due to operational leasing agreements.

3.14. Deferred Income Tax

1. As a result of Poland joining the European Union, an act was passed on 2 October 2003 that changed the act on special economic zones and certain other acts (Journal of Laws No. 188 Item 1840) that changed the conditions for tax exemptions for entities operating in special economic zones. Pursuant to the article 6, section 1 of this act, these entities may apply for changes to the terms and conditions of their permits in order to adjust them to the principles for granting public aid in force in the European Union. Pursuant to the article 5, section 2 point 1 lit. b), point 2, point 3 of the act, the maximum amount of public aid for entities, which operate in a special economic zone on the basis of a permit issued before 1 January 2000, cannot exceed 75 % of the value of investments incurred in the period from the date of obtaining the permit until 31 December 2006, provided that in determining the maximum amount of public aid, the total amount of public aid obtained since 1 January 2001 is taken into consideration. This means a change in the current method of granting tax relief (public aid) from unlimited relief to relief that

is limited in value and depends on the value of investments made. In the case of ComArch S.A., the maximum value of public aid will not exceed 75 % of the value of investment expenditures, which the company has incurred/shall incur since obtaining the permit, i.e. 22 March 1999, until 31 December 2006.

The costs of investments and the amount of aid are subject to discounting pursuant to Par. 9 of the Regulation of the Ministry from 14 September 2004 on the Krakow Special Economic Zone (Journal of Laws 220 Item 2232) with wording changed pursuant to Par. 1 of the Regulation of the Ministry from 8 February 2005 that changed the Ordinance on the Krakow Special Economic Zone (Journal of Laws No. 32 Item 270) and with Par. 2 of the latter Ordinance taken into consideration.

ComArch S.A. approached the Minister of the Economy in order to change the terms and conditions of its permit. On 1 July 2004, it received a decision from the Minister of the Economy dated 24 June 2004 on the topic of changes to the terms and conditions of the permit (those mentioned above and those compliant with the act). The updated permit extended the period in which ComArch S.A. is entitled to use public aid for investments incurred in the special economic zone until 31 December 2017.

Pursuant to IAS 12, unused tax relief as at 31 December 2007 constitutes a deferred income tax asset. The limit of the unused investment relief as at 30 June 2008, discounted as at the permit date, is 25.48 million PLN.

As at 31 December 2007, the company presented a deferred income tax asset in the income statement due to activities in the SSE (hereinafter referred to as the "Asset") that was worth 8.74 million PLN. This Asset will be realised successively (as write-offs diminishing net profit of the Group) in proportion to the generation of ComArch's tax-exempt income in 2008. Within the first two quarters of 2008, due to the level of income achieved from activities in the Special Economic Zone in 2008, a part of Asset was dissolved and worth 4.08 million PLN. At the same time, pursuant to IAS12, the company will regularly verify the valuation of the Asset considering the possibilities of its realisation and further recognition. Additionally, the company signifies that the recognition of this Asset does not have any influence on cash flow in the company and in the Group (both the recognition and realisation of the Asset). This is an accrual based operation and is a result of the fact that the Group applies IFRS when preparing consolidated financial statements of the ComArch Group.

ComArch S.A. approached in order to get a new permit because it is still going to invest in the Special Economic Zone. The company received the permit on 17 April 2007.

2. During the first two quarters of 2008, the Group settled in part a deferred tax asset related to temporary differences that was recognised on 31 December 2007 and worth 0.65 million PLN. At the same time, an asset due to temporary differences was recognised in the amount of 0.959 million PLN as well as deferred tax provision in the amount of 0.106 million PLN. The total effect of the above-mentioned operations on the result of 2008 was 0.203 million PLN.

3. During the first two quarters of 2008, the Group reversed in total an asset due to tax loss in a subsidiary, ComArch Software AG that was recognised as at 31 December 2007, and worth 0.161 million PLN as well as in ComArch, Inc. worth 0.294 million PLN. The total effect of the above-mentioned operations on the result of 2008 was -0.455 million PLN.

4. Due to sales transaction of INTERIA.PL S.A. shares, a deferred tax provision was recognised in the amount of 29.215 million PLN.

The total effect of the all above-mentioned operations on the result of 2008 was minus 30.551 million PLN.

3.15. Earnings per Share

	6 months ended 30 June 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2007
Net profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the company	166,840	17,886
Weighted average number of shares in issue (thousands)	7,960	7,692
Basic earnings per share (PLN)	20.96	2.33
Diluted number of shares (thousands)	7,960	7,761
Diluted earnings per share (PLN)	20.96	2.30

Basic earnings per share in the column "6 months ended 30 June 2008" is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders of the company for the period from 1 January 2008 to 30 June 2008 by the weighted average number of shares in issue between 1 January 2008 and 30 June 2008, where the number of days is the weight. Basic earnings per share in the column "6 months ended 30 June 2007" is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders of the company for the period from 1 January 2007 to 30 June 2007 by the weighted average number of shares in issue between 1 January 2007 and 30 June 2007, where the number of days is the weight.

Diluted earnings per share in the column "6 months ended 30 June 2008" is calculated by dividing the net consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the company for the period from 1 January 2008 to 30 June 2008 by the weighted average number of shares in issue between 1 January 2008 and 30 June 2008, where the number of days is the weight.

Diluted earnings per share in the column "6 months ended 30 June 2007" is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders of the company for the period from 1 January 2007 to 30 June 2007 by the weighted average number of shares in issue between 1 January 2007 and 30 June 2007, where the number of days is the weight as well as diluted number of shares (according to IAS 33) resulting from possible execution of the managerial option for 2007.

4. Additional Notes

4.1. Information About Shareholders and Shares Held by Members of the Management Board and the Board of Supervisors

4.1.1. Shareholders who directly or indirectly through subsidiary entities hold at least 5 % of the total number of votes at the ComArch S.A. general meeting as at 15 May 2008

- Elżbieta and Janusz Filipiak held 3,411,383 shares (42.85 % of the company's share capital), which gave them 10,367,383 votes at the AGM and constituted 69.15 % of all votes at the AGM;

- customers of BZ WBK AIB Asset Management S.A. held 2,150,852 shares (27.02 % of the company's share capital), which gave 2,150,852 votes at AGM and constituted 14.35 % of the total number of votes at the AGM. These shares comprise shares held by BZ WBK AIB Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. (Investment Funds), that according to information on the day of the report held 829,619 shares (10.42 % of the company's share capital), which gave 829,619 votes at AGM (5.53 % of the total number of votes at the AGM).

4.1.2. Changes in holdings of ComArch S.A. shares by managing and supervising persons between 15 May 2008 and 14 August 2008

The following table presents the ownership of ComArch S.A. shares by management and supervisors as at the date on which the consolidated quarterly report for the first quarter of 2008, i.e. 15 May 2008 and on 14 August 2008, pursuant to the information possessed by the company.

Members of the Management Board and the Board of Supervisors	Position	At 14 August 2008		At 15 May 2008	
		Shares	Share of votes at the AGM (%)	Shares	Share of votes at the AGM (%)
Elżbieta and Janusz Filipiak	Chairman of the Board of Supervisors and President of the Management Board	3,411,383	69.15 %	3,411,383	69.15 %
Piotr Piątosza	Vice-President of the Management Board	10,776	0.07 %	10,776	0.07 %
Paweł Prokop	Vice-President of the Management Board	34,268	0.48 %	34,268	0.48 %
Piotr Reichert	Vice-President of the Management Board	-	0.00 %	-	0.00 %
Zbigniew Rymarczyk	Vice-President of the Management Board	21,772	0.15 %	21,772	0.15 %
Konrad Tarański*	Vice-President of the Management Board	-	0.00 %	-	-
Marcin Warwas	Vice-President of the Management Board	-	0.00 %	-	0.00 %
Number of issued shares		7,960,596	100.00 %	7,960,596	100.00 %

*) On 25 June 2008, the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders appointed Mr. Konrad Tarański Vice-President of the Management Board in ComArch S.A.

4.2. The Annual General Meeting of the Dominant Unit

4.2.1. Announcement of AGM and Project of the Resolutions

On 30 May 2008, pursuant to art. 395 § 1 and art. 399 § 1 of the Commercial Companies' Code and pursuant to § 14 of the company's Statute, the Management Board of ComArch S.A. convened the Annual General Shareholders Meeting of ComArch S.A., to be held at 09:00 o'clock on 25 June 2008, at Aleja Jana Pawła II 39A in Krakow, Poland. Agenda of the meeting was presented in the current report no. 12/2008. Projects of resolutions to be presented on AGM were published on 9 June 2008 in the current report no. 13/2008.

Pursuant to the rule number 3) included in the third part, pt 1 of the "Corporate Governance Principles", in current report no. 14/2008, ComArch S.A.'s Management Board reported that on 9 June 2008 Supervisory Board of ComArch S.A. passed the resolution no. 4/6/2008 in which projects of the resolutions at the AGM, to be held on 25 June 2008, are given positive opinions.

4.2.2. Report of the Board of Supervisors' activities including assessment of the company's situation in 2007

On 9 June 2008, pursuant to the rule number 1) and 2) included in the third part, pt 1 of the "Corporate Governance Principles", in current report no. 15/2008, ComArch S.A.'s Management Board presented, 2007 activities' report of ComArch S.A.'s Supervisory Board and assessment of the company's situation in 2007 including assessment of the company's internal system control and risk management in the company.

4.2.3. Content of the Resolutions Passed at the AGM on 25 June 2008

On 25 June 2008, the AGM passed the resolutions related to:

- removing from the agenda of the meeting the point regarding the election of the Returns Committee;
- passing the agenda of the meeting;
- approving the company's financial statement for the fiscal year 1.01.2007 - 31.12.2007;
- approving the report of the Management Board regarding the activities of the company in 2007;
- approving the activity report of the company's Board of Supervisors for the fiscal year 1.01.2007 - 31.12.2006 and audit of the company's financial statement and audit of the report of the Management Board regarding company's activities in 2007;
- approving the financial statement of the Capital Group for the fiscal year 1.01.2007 - 31.12.2007;
- approving the report of the Management Board of ComArch S.A. regarding the activities of the Capital Group in 2007;
- approving the report of the company's Supervisors Board of the audit of the consolidated financial statement of the Capital Group and of the report of the Management Board regarding the activities of the Capital Group in 2007;
- distribution of the company's net profit for the fiscal year 1.01.2007 - 31.12.2007
- acknowledging the fulfilment of duties by the members of the Management Board and the Supervisory

Board in the fiscal year 1.01.2007 - 31.12.2007;

- election of Mr. Konrad Tarański to the post of Vice-President of the Management Board in ComArch S.A.;
- changes in the company's Statute;
- election of Mr. Maciej Czapiewski to the post of member of the Supervisory Board in ComArch S.A.;
- changes in the Rules for the Supervisory Board.

Information about new Vice-President of the Management Board was published in current report no. 17/2008 and about new member of the Supervisory Board in current report no. 16/2008.

The full content of the resolutions was published on 25 June 2008 in the current report no. 18/2008.

4.2.4. List of the shareholders holding at least 5 % of the total number of votes at the AGM

Management Board of ComArch S.A. reports that accordingly to the list of shareholders participating the Annual General Shareholders Meeting of ComArch S.A. on 25 June 2008, Elżbieta Filipiak and Janusz Filipiak as well as BZ WBK AIB Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. on behalf of Arka BZ WBK Balanced Open Investment Fund, Arka BZ WBK Stable Growth Open Investment Fund, Arka BZ WBK Share Open Investment Fund, Lukas Open Investment Fund – Lukas Share Sub-fund, Lukas Open Investment Fund – Lukas Polish Dynamic Sub-fund, Lukas Open Investment Fund – Lukas Balanced Growth Sub-fund held at least 5 % of the total number of votes represented at this Meeting:

1. Janusz Filipiak - 846,000 registered preference shares which gave 4,230,000 votes at the AGM, which constituted 41.89 % of the all votes at this AGM and which constituted 28.22 % of the total number of votes;
2. Elżbieta Filipiak - 799,000 registered preference shares which gave 3,995,000 votes at the AGM, which constituted 39.57 % of the all votes at this AGM and which constituted 26.65 % of the total number of votes;
3. Married couple of Elżbieta and Janusz Filipiak - 94,000 registered preference shares which gave 470,000 votes at the AGM, which constituted 4.65 % of the all votes at this AGM and which constituted 3.14 % of the total number of votes.
4. BZ WBK AIB Towarzystwo Funduszy Inwestycyjnych S.A. on behalf of Arka BZ WBK Balanced Open Investment Fund, Arka BZ WBK Stable Growth Open Investment Fund, Arka BZ WBK Share Open Investment Fund, Lukas Open Investment Fund – Lukas Share Sub-fund, Lukas Open Investment Fund – Lukas Polish Dynamic Sub-fund, Lukas Open Investment Fund – Lukas Balanced Growth Sub-fund - 1,155,000 ordinary bearer shares which gave 1,155,000 votes at the AGM, which constituted 11.44 % of the all votes at this AGM and which constituted 7.70 % of the total number of votes.

The total number of votes from all emitted ComArch S.A. shares is 14,991,796. Shareholders participating the Annual General Shareholders Meeting of ComArch S.A. on 25 June 2008 held shares giving 10,097,000 votes.

4.3. Other Events in the Second Quarter of 2008

4.3.1. ComArch S.A. Management Board's commentary to events between 12 April and 13 April 2008

Due to events between 12 April and 13 April 2008 related to detention and release of Professor Janusz Filipiak, ComArch S.A.'s Management Board announced that:

- Charges against President of the Management Board were not related to activities of ComArch S.A. nor running a business in general,
- ComArch S.A.'s Management Board operated under standard rules,
- In Management Board's opinion, this case did not influence the future activities of ComArch S.A.

4.3.2. The list of ComArch S.A.'s current reports and financial statements made public in 2007

On 17 April 2008, Management Board of ComArch S.A. presented the list of ComArch S.A.'s current reports and financial statements made public in 2007. The originals of these documents are located at the company's headquarters - al. Jana Pawła II 39a, Krakow, Poland. They are also available at Comarch's website.

4.3.3. ComArch S.A. Management Board's commentary related to decline in quotations of the company's shares

Due to significant decline in quotations of ComArch S.A. shares on 21 May 2008, ComArch S.A.'s Management Board announced in current report no. 11/2008 that does not know of any events that could cause that low quotations. The company's Management Board confirms previous declaration on financial results for 2008.

4.3.4. Contract with BIW Koncept Sp. z o.o. (Limited Liability Company)

On 17 April 2008, a contract between ComArch S.A. and BIW KONCEPT Sp. z o.o. (Ltd) with its registered seat in Krakow was signed. Within the framework of the contract, Comarch will deliver computer hardware and software till 7 June 2008. The gross value of this agreement amounts to 53,183,000.06 PLN. The company announced details in current report no. 9/2008.

4.3.5. Contract with Ogólnopolska Fundacja Edukacji Komputerowej

On 17 April 2008, a contract between ComArch S.A. and Ogólnopolska Fundacja Edukacji Komputerowej with its registered seat in Wroclaw (hereinafter referred to as the "OFEK") was signed. Within the framework of the contract, OFEK will deliver computer hardware and software till 7 June 2008. The gross value of this agreement amounts to 48,424,302.22 PLN. The company announced details in current report no. 10/2008.

4.4. Factors and Events of Unusual Nature with Significant Effects on the Achieved Financial Results

4.4.1. Deferred income tax asset

As at 31 December 2007, the company presented a deferred income tax asset in the income statement due to activities in the SSE (hereinafter referred to as the "Asset") that was worth 8.74 million PLN. This Asset will be realised successively (as write-offs diminishing net profit of the Group) in proportion to the generation of Comarch's tax-exempt income in 2008. Within the first two quarters of 2008, due to the level of income achieved from activities in the Special Economic Zone in 2008, a part of Asset was dissolved and worth 4.08 million PLN. At the same time, pursuant to IAS12, the company will regularly verify the valuation of the Asset considering the possibilities of its realisation and further recognition. Additionally, the company signifies that the recognition of this Asset does not have any influence on cash flow in the company and in the Group (both the recognition and realisation of the Asset). This is an accrual based operation and is a result of the fact that the Group applies IFRS when preparing consolidated financial statements of the Comarch Group.

4.4.2. Provisions for bonus due to net profit for 2008

Due to a high level of net profit achieved in the first half of 2008, Comarch Group created provisions for premium in the amount of 7.9 million PLN.

4.5. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

4.5.1. Selection of an auditor entitled to audit and review financial statements of ComArch S.A.

The Supervisory Board of ComArch S.A selected Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. to audit and review the financial statements and the consolidated financial statements of ComArch S.A. Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. having its registered seat in Warsaw at ul. Piękna 18, is registered at number 73 in the list of entities entitled to audit financial statements. Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. offered its services to ComArch S.A. within the scope of reviewing the consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A. for first 6 months of 2006 and 2007, as well as auditing the annual financial statement of ComArch S.A. and the annual consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A for 12 months of 2006 and 2007.

ComArch S.A.'s Board of Supervisors selected auditor pursuant to art. 19 section 2 pt e) of the company's Statute and pursuant to the operative regulations and professional standards.

Agreement with Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. shall be concluded for two-year period and applies to:

- a) review of the consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A. for first 6 months of 2008;
- b) review of the consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A. for first 6 months of 2009;
- c) audit of the annual financial statement of ComArch S.A. and the annual consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A for 12 months of 2008;
- d) audit of the annual financial statement of ComArch S.A. and the annual consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A for 12 months of 2009.

4.5.2. Registration of Changes in the ComArch S.A.'s Statute

On 11 August 2008 ComArch S.A. received notice, dated 28 July 2008, concerning registration by the District Court for Kraków-Śródmieście, XI Economic Division of the National Court Register of changes in the company's Statute resolved by the General Meeting on 25 June 2008.

Pursuant to the above-said notice, previous article 18, section 1 of the company's Statute: "1. The Supervisory Board shall appoint from among its members the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, and also the Secretary of the Supervisory Board, as needed." is worded as follows:

"1. General Shareholders' Meeting shall appoint from among members of the Supervisory Board the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, and also the Secretary of the Supervisory Board, as needed."

The unified text of ComArch S.A.'s Statute, registered with the decision of the Court of 28 July 2008, is

available at http://www.comarch.pl/en/investors/corporate_governance

4.6. Significant Legal, Arbitration or Administrative Proceedings

In the first two quarters of 2008 the Group's parties did not sue and were not sued in proceedings which fulfil the criterion specified in § 91 Act 6 pt 7a) and 7b) of the Regulation issued by the Minister of Finance on 19 October 2005 concerning current and periodical information pertaining to companies listed on the stock exchange.

The Comarch Group is the defendant in legal proceedings, in which the potential total amount of third party claims is 4.78 million PLN. In the previous year provisions for part of these claims were created. As at the end of June 2008, additional provisions for these claims were created in the amount of 0.86 million PLN.

4.7. The Management Board's Position on the Execution of Previously-Published Forecasts

The Management Board did not forecast any results for the second quarter of 2008.

4.8. Information about Transactions with Related Parties Whose Total Amount from the Beginning of the Year Exceeds 500,000 EURO (other than routine transactions)

None present.

4.9. Information about Suretyship and Bank Guarantees Provided by the Company and Its Subsidiaries

In the second quarter of 2008, ComArch S.A. and its subsidiaries did not provide any suretyships nor bank guarantees referred to in § 91 sec. 6. pt. 9) of the Regulation issued by the Minister of Finance on 19 October 2005 concerning current and periodical information pertaining to companies listed on the stock exchange.

4.10. Other Information Significant for the Assessment of Means and Employees, Financial Rating, Financial Results and Their Changes and Information Significant for the Assessment of the Possibility of the Execution of Obligations by their Issuers

None present.

5. Significant Achievements and Failures as well as Factors and Events with Considerable Impact on the Financial Results of the Comarch Group in the Second Quarter of 2008 and Factors Which Will Substantially Impact Results Over the Course of at least the Next Quarter

5.1. Revenues and Profit

In the first two quarters of 2008, The Comarch Group achieved good financial results. Revenue from sales amounted to 275 million PLN, operating profit was 9.8 million PLN and EBIT margin amounted to 3.6 %.

The nominal operating profit in the second quarter of 2008 was 4.2 million PLN and was lower by 58.3 % than in the second quarter of 2007, and the net profit attributable to the Comarch's shareholders amounted to 1.7 million PLN, i.e. 78.4 % less than in the same period of 2007.

One-off events had a significant effect on financial results. After eliminating one-off events (the effect of the costs of the managerial option programme, the recognition of the provision for premium due to net profit achieved by the Group in 2008 and the costs of companies established by the Comarch Corporate Finance Investment Fund) the operating profit increased by 37.9 % up to the level of 14.4 million PLN compared to 10.5 million PLN in the previous year. After further eliminating one-off events (the effect of settlement of the deferred tax asset and provisions, the share in an associate's profit and the revenue from the finance activity of ComArch Management sp. z o.o. SKA), the net profit attributable to the company's shareholders in the second quarter of 2008 amounted to 11.3 million PLN, compared to 9.2 million PLN in 2007. The nominal EBITDA was 9.0 million PLN and was lower by 36.9 % than in the second quarter of 2007. Adjusted EBITDA increased by 4.6 million PLN (i.e. by 31.5 %). A detailed analysis indicates a significant improvement of financial results achieved by the Comarch Group in 2008 compared to the previous year.

Over the first half of 2008, after eliminating one-off events, the Comarch Group achieved financial results comparable to those in the first half of 2007. It is noteworthy the significant increase in revenues from sales of proprietary software and services (an increase of 32.6 million PLN), that levelled out the effect of the significant increase in remuneration in 2007, which increased costs over the first half of 2008. Decrease in the sales of the third party software and computer hardware is related to seasonal changes in demand for these categories of products. Adjusted operating margin amounted to 7.8 % reaching a higher level than in the previous year, i.e. 7.2 %. Adjusted net margin maintained at the comparable level of 7.0 % compared to 6.9 % last year.

In 2008, for the purpose of an increase in the operating margin, the Group adopted a policy of an employment stabilisation at the current level as well as an increase in operating effectiveness. As at 30 June 2008, the Comarch Group had 2,785 employees, i.e. 68 less than at the end of the year (a decrease of 2.4 %).

The table below presents selected financial data in nominal value (calculated according to IFRS) and in adjusted value (after the elimination of one-off events):

	6 months ended 30 June 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2007	Q2 2008	Q2 2007
Revenues from sales	275,052	270,409	164,720	172,033
Depreciation	9,382	8,101	4,798	4,162
Nominal EBIT (according to IFRS)	9,808	19,033	4,245	10,178
Impact of the managerial option costs on earnings	-2,970	-553	-1,484	-277
Impact on earnings of the companies established by Comarch Corporate Finance FIZ	-789	0	-789	0
Impact on earnings of the provisions for premiums due to net profit achieved by the Group in 2008	-7,900	0	-7,900	0
Adjusted EBIT	21,467	19,586	14,418	10,455

Nominal net profit per company's shareholders (according to IFRS)	166,840	17,886	1,704	7,888
Impact of the managerial option costs on earnings	-2,970	-553	-1,484	-277
Impact on net earnings of the companies established by Comarch Corporate Finance FIZ	-34	0	-34	0
Impact on earnings of the provisions for premiums due to net profit achieved by the Group in 2008	-7,900	0	-7,900	0
Impact on earnings of financial revenues achieved by Comarch Management Sp. z o.o. SK	4,158	0	4,158	0
Impact of assets on earnings due to deferred tax	-4,804	-2,039	-3,041	-2,039
Impact of assets dissolving on earnings due to tax loss in a subsidiary	-455	0	-294	603
Impact of associate profit sharing on earnings	0	1,846	0	1,009
Impact on earnings of the sale of INTERIA.PL S.A. shares	159,684	0	0	0
Adjusted net profit per company's shareholders	19,161	18,632	11,316	9,171
Nominal EBITDA (EBIT + depreciation)	19,190	27,134	9,043	14,340
Adjusted EBITDA (EBIT + depreciation)	30,849	27,687	19,216	14,617
Nominal EBIT margin	3.6%	7.0%	2.6%	5.9%
Adjusted EBIT margin	7.8%	7.2%	8.8%	6.1%
Nominal net margin	60.7%	6.6%	1.0%	4.6%
Adjusted net margin	7.0%	6.9%	6.9%	5.3%
Nominal EBITDA margin	7.0%	10.0%	5.5%	8.3%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	11.2%	10.2%	11.7%	8.5%

The achieved financial results confirm the effectiveness of the Group's strategy – a strategy that is based on:

- the sale of IT solutions, most of which are developed in-house;
- the sale of an increasing number of products on international markets;
- the stable improvement of operational performance through the ongoing improvement of procedures and cost rationalisation.

The dynamic growth of the Comarch Group and the achieved financial results are a result of the competitive edge currently possessed by the Group. This competitive advantage also enables the further expansion and improvement of the suite of offered products as well as the employment of the best IT professionals, which further enhances the Group's future competitiveness.

5.2. Sales Structure

There was a significant change in the product sales structure compared to the previous year. Sales of services and proprietary software increased significantly by 20.5 million PLN in total, i.e. 25.8 %. At the same time, sales of third party software decreased by 24.6 million PLN, i.e. 84.2 % especially as a result of lower demand for Microsoft software. Sales of computer hardware decreased by 5.5 million PLN, i.e. 9.3 %. Consequently, in the second quarter of 2008, total sales decreased by 7.3 million PLN, i.e. 4.3 %. The share of services and proprietary software in total sales in the second quarter of 2008 increased from 46.2 % to 60.7 %, and the share of total sales of computer hardware and the third party software decreased from 51.3 % to 35.3 %. Other sales constituted 4 % of revenues and was higher by 2.3 million PLN compared to the previous year.

Products sales structure	Q2 2008	%	Q2 2007	%	Change PLN	Change %
Services	86,275	52.4%	66,741	38.8%	19,534	29.3%
Proprietary software	13,706	8.3%	12,716	7.4%	990	7.8%
Third party software	4,632	2.8%	29,256	17.0%	-24,624	-84.2%
Hardware	53,482	32.5%	58,997	34.3%	-5,515	-9.3%
Others	6,625	4.0%	4,323	2.5%	2,302	53.3%
	164,720	100.0%	172,033	100.0%	-7,313	-4.3%

Over the first half of 2008, revenues from sales increased by 1.7 % to 275.1 million PLN. The increase in sales of services and proprietary Comarch software was 32.6 million PLN, i.e. higher by 20.5 %. Sales of third party software decreased by 26.1 million PLN, i.e. 69.2 %. Sales of computer hardware diminished slightly by 3.7 million PLN, i.e. 5.6 %. The share of services and proprietary software in total sales in the first half of 2008 amounted to 69.6 % and was significantly higher than in the first half of 2007 (58.7 %), and the total share of sales of computer hardware and third party software decreased from 38.7 % to 27.2 %.

Products sales structure	6 months ended 30 June 2008	%	6 months ended 30 June 2007	%	Change PLN	Change %
Services	152,732	55.5%	131,668	48.7%	21,064	16.0%
Proprietary software	38,557	14.0%	27,061	10.0%	11,496	42.5%
Third party software	11,631	4.2%	37,743	14.0%	-26,112	-69.2%
Hardware	63,150	23.0%	66,869	24.7%	-3,719	-5.6%
Others	8,982	3.3%	7,068	2.6%	1,914	27.1%
	275,052	100.0%	270,409	100.0%	4,643	1.7%

In the second quarter of 2008, there was a growth in sales in the finance and banking sector (an increase of 5.1 million PLN, i.e. 19.7 % compared to the second quarter of 2007). At the same time, the share of these sales in total sales increased from 15 % to 18.8 %. There was also a significant increase in sales to customers of small and medium seized enterprises (an increase of 2.2 million PLN, i.e. 23.8 %; the share increase from 5.3 % to 6.8 %). Sales to telecommunication sector as well as trade and services sector remained at the comparable level to those in the second quarter of 2007. Decreases in revenues from sales were denoted in relation to customers of the public sector (a decrease of 13.0 million PLN, i.e. 17.9 %, due to seasonal decrease in orders from this sector), as well as the industry and utilities sector (a decrease of 5.7 million PLN, i.e. 29.9 %, mostly due to lower level of sales of the third party software to customers of these sector).

Market sales structure	Q2 2008	%	Q2 2007	%	Change PLN	Change %
Telecommunications, Media, IT	27,903	16.9%	27,237	15.8%	666	2.4%
Finance and Banking	30,926	18.8%	25,835	15.0%	5,091	19.7%
Trade and Services	16,404	10.0%	16,275	9.5%	129	0.8%
Industry & Utilities	13,341	8.1%	19,024	11.1%	-5,683	-29.9%
Public sector	59,310	36.0%	72,271	42.0%	-12,961	-17.9%
Small and Medium-Seized Enterprises	11,259	6.8%	9,092	5.3%	2,167	23.8%
Others	5,577	3.4%	2,299	1.3%	3,278	142.6%
	164,720	100.0%	172,033	100.0%	-7,313	-4.3%

Over the first half of 2008, there was a significant increase in sales to customers of the finance and banking sector (an increase of 38.1 %), as well as the small and medium-seized enterprises sector (an increase of 16.3 %). At the same time, there was a significant decrease in sales to the telecommunication sector (a decrease of 17.0 %), as well as the industry sector (a decrease of 14.6 %). This confirms the Group's assumptions in relation to the shape of demand for IT services this year. The Comarch Group has secured the possibility of stable growth, regardless of periodical business fluctuations in particular economical sectors, with well-diversified revenues and variety of products.

Market sales structure	6 months ended 30 June 2008	%	6 months ended 30 June 2007	%	Change PLN	Change %
Telecommunications, Media, IT	45,549	16.6%	54,851	20.3%	-9,302	-17.0%
Finance and Banking	65,550	23.8%	47,481	17.6%	18,069	38.1%
Trade and Services	33,426	12.2%	32,732	12.1%	694	2.1%
Industry & Utilities	24,870	9.0%	29,137	10.8%	-4,267	-14.6%
Public sector	74,515	27.1%	80,112	29.6%	-5,597	-7.0%
Small and Medium-Seized Enterprises	23,493	8.5%	20,202	7.5%	3,291	16.3%
Others	7,649	2.8%	5,894	2.1%	1,755	29.8%
	275,052	100.0%	270,409	100.0%	4,643	1.7%

Over the first half of 2008, export sales decreased by 4 % compared to the first half of 2007. The share of these sales in total sales reached the level of 18.2 % compared to 19.3 % in the previous year. The Management Board denotes that the Group's export sales are exposed to unfavourable effects related to strength of the Polish currency. Between the second quarter of 2007 and the second quarter of 2008 the average PLN/EUR exchange rate strengthened by 10.4 %, and the PLN/USD exchange rate by 22.3 %, that had a significant effect on the results from export sales.

Despite unfavourable macroeconomic conditions, enlargement of export sales to selected markets, mostly West and Central Europe, have remained the main strategic trends in the development of the Group. Value of foreign contracts in backlog for 2008 amounts to 100.7 million PLN and is higher by 5.3 % than in the previous year's half.

Geographical sales structure	6 months ended 30 June 2008	%	6 months ended 30 June 2007	%
Domestic	224,935	81.8%	218,205	80.7%
Export	50,117	18.2%	52,204	19.3%
	275,052	100.0%	270,409	100.0%

The revenues structure shows that the sales of the Comarch Group's are well diversified and the Group is not dependant on only one sector, client or product sold. This structure of revenues significantly reduces the risk of operational activities related to possible heterogeneous growth rates of particular sectors in a given year.

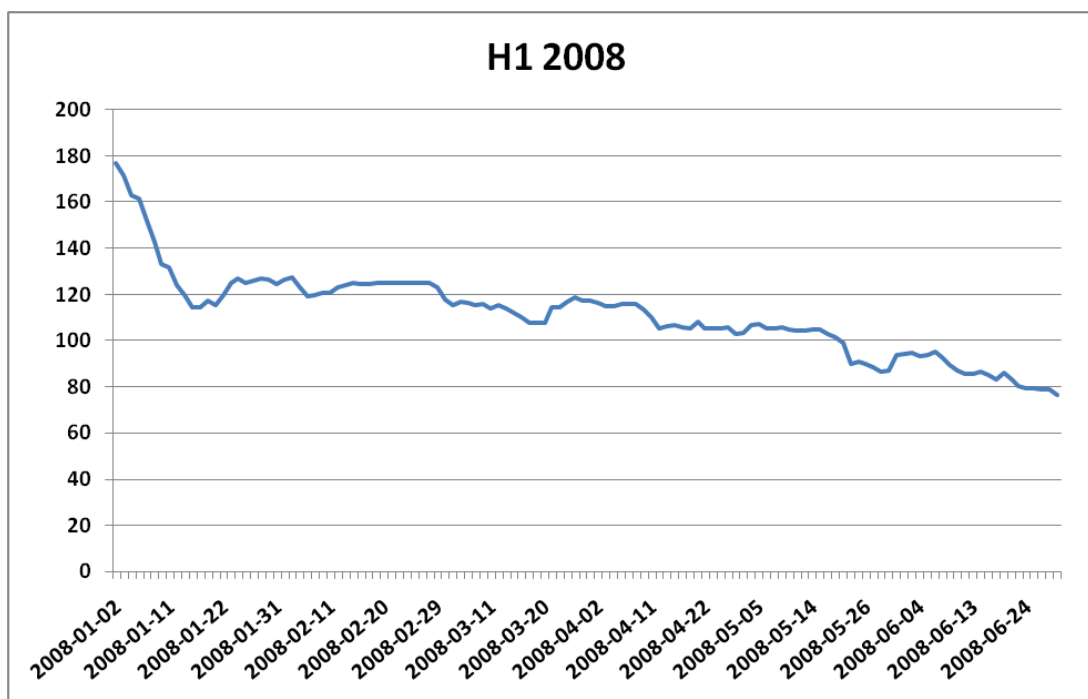
5.3. Backlog

As of the end of July 2008, backlog for the current year was at a level of 489.9 million PLN and was up by 0.6 % compared to the same period in the previous year, and share of services and proprietary software sales increased by 20.6 %. The share of export contracts in backlog remained at a stable level of 20.5 %, and share of sales of services and proprietary software increased dynamically from the level of 62.8 % to 75.4 %.

The significant increase in backlog within proprietary software and services compared to the same period in the previous year, confirms further possibilities of dynamic development of the Group in the future. A decrease in orders for computer hardware and third party software is a temporary situation and related mostly to seasonal fluctuation in demand. At the same time, the company's Management Board emphasises that an increase in EBIT margin has remained one of the most important priorities of the Group within the current year and in the future.

Backlog for the current year	At 31 July 2008	At 31 July 2007	Change
Revenues contracted for the current year	489,857	487,176	0.6%
including export contracts	100,660	95,618	5.3%
% of export contracts	20.5%	19.6%	
including services and proprietary software	369,193	306,037	20.6%
% of services and proprietary software	75.4%	62.8%	

5.4. ComArch S.A. Stock Price Performance



The Group's results in the next quarters will depend in most part on continuing positive trends in the economy, the financial situation of medium-sized and large enterprises (which constitute the basis of the Group's clients) and the rate of increases in the remuneration of IT employees

5.5. Events in the Second Quarter of 2008 that Greatly Impacted the Current Activities of the Comarch Group

5.5.1. Contract with BIW Koncept Sp. z o.o. (Limited Liability Company)

On 17 April 2008, a contract between ComArch S.A. and BIW KONCEPT Sp. z o.o. (Ltd) with its registered seat in Krakow was signed. Within the framework of the contract, Comarch will deliver computer hardware and software till 7 June 2008. The gross value of this agreement amounts to 53,183,000.06 PLN. The company announced details in current report no. 9/2008.

5.5.2. Contract with Ogólnopolska Fundacja Edukacji Komputerowej

On 17 April 2008, a contract between ComArch S.A. and Ogólnopolska Fundacja Edukacji Komputerowej with its registered seat in Wroclaw (hereinafter referred to as the "OFEK") was signed. Within the framework of the contract, OFEK will deliver computer hardware and software till 7 June 2008. The gross value of this agreement amounts to 48,424,302.22 PLN. The company announced details in current report no. 10/2008.

5.5.3. Appointment of Member of the Supervisory Board

On 25 June 2008, at the Ordinary Annual General Meeting, Mr. Maciej Czapiewski was appointed as member of ComArch S.A.'s Board of Supervisors. His Curriculum Vitae and other information required in &5 section 1 pt 22) of the Regulation issued by the Minister of Finance on 19 October 2005 concerning current and periodical information pertaining to companies traded on the stock exchange, were presented in current report no. 16/2008 on 17 June 2008.

5.5.4. Appointment of Member of the Management Board

On 25 June 2008, at the Ordinary Annual General Meeting, Mr. Konrad Tarański was appointed as member of ComArch S.A.'s Management Board. His Curriculum Vitae and other information required in &5 section 1 pt 22) of the Regulation issued by the Minister of Finance on 19 October 2005 concerning current and periodical information pertaining to companies traded on the stock exchange were presented in current report no. 17/2008 on 20 June 2008.

5.6. Events after the Balance Sheet Date that Greatly Impacted the Current Activities of the Comarch Group

5.6.1. Selection of an auditor entitled to audit and review financial statements of ComArch S.A.

The Supervisory Board of ComArch S.A selected Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. to audit and review the financial statements and the consolidated financial statements of ComArch S.A.

Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. having its registered seat in Warsaw at ul. Piękna 18, is registered at number 73 in the list of entities entitled to audit financial statements. Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. offered its services to ComArch S.A. within the scope of reviewing the consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A. for first 6 months of 2006 and 2007, as well as auditing the annual financial statement of ComArch S.A. and the annual consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A for 12 months of 2006 and 2007.

ComArch S.A.'s Board of Supervisors selected auditor pursuant to art. 19 section 2 pt e) of the company's Statute and pursuant to the operative regulations and professional standards.

Agreement with Deloitte Audyt Sp. z o. o. shall be concluded for two-year period and applies to:

- a) review of the consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A. for first 6 months of 2008;
- b) review of the consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A. for first 6 months of 2009;
- c) audit of the annual financial statement of ComArch S.A. and the annual consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A for 12 months of 2008;
- d) audit of the annual financial statement of ComArch S.A. and the annual consolidated financial statement of ComArch S.A for 12 months of 2009.

VI. Quarterly Summary of ComArch S.A. Financial Statement for the Second Quarter of 2008

I. Balance Sheet	30 June 2008	30 March 2008	31 December 2007	30 June 2007
ASSETS				
I. Non-current assets	433,626	376,437	228,145	215,081
1. Intangible assets	2,763	2,960	3,146	3,247
2. Property, plant and equipment	201,520	191,610	185,385	171,942
3. Non-current investments	225,169	176,638	35,983	36,210
3.1. Non-current financial assets	225,126	176,595	35,940	36,167
a) in related parties	225,126	176,595	35,940	36,167
b) in other entities	-	-	-	-
3.2 Other non-current investment	43	43	43	43
4. Non-current prepayments	4,174	5,229	3,631	3,682
4.1 Deferred income tax assets	3,385	3,930	3,116	3,507
4.2 Other accruals	789	1,299	515	175
II. Current assets	238,218	227,750	278,169	270,884
1. Inventories	21,796	22,876	32,423	40,534
2. Current receivables	132,332	132,142	169,342	158,313
2.1 from related parties	16,056	16,536	22,807	17,253
2.2 from other entities	116,275	115,606	146,535	141,060
3. Current investments	62,068	50,818	51,657	41,773
3.1 Current financial assets	62,068	50,818	51,657	41,773
a) in related parties	3,400	5,825	1,450	1,450
b) in other entities	84	7,079	12	128
c) cash and cash equivalents	58,584	37,914	50,195	40,195
4. Short-term prepayments	22,022	21,914	24,747	30,264
Total assets	671,844	604,187	506,314	485,965
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
I. Equity	465,934	419,137	264,948	253,286
1. Share capital	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960
2. Supplementary capital	256,067	230,244	230,244	230,245
3. Revaluation reserve	190,221	143,415	-	6
4. Other reserve capitals	745	745	745	745
5. Capital from merger settlement	-	-	-	-
6. Previous years' profit (loss)	176	25,999	176	176
7. Net profit (loss)	10,765	10,774	25,823	14,154
II. Liabilities and provisions for liabilities	205,910	185,050	241,366	232,679
1. Provisions for liabilities	3,519	2,754	3,252	1,087
1.1 Provision for deferred income tax	1,308	1,262	1,202	1,073
1.2 Other provisions	2,211	1,492	2,050	14
a) current	2,211	1,492	2,050	14
2. Non-current liabilities	89,715	82,119	78,157	70,192
2.1 to related parties	233	273	305	381
2.2 to other entities	89,482	81,846	77,852	69,811
3. Current liabilities	73,354	72,511	109,697	134,096
3.1 to related parties	5,705	4,679	6,085	5,492
3.2 to other entities	65,877	65,748	102,237	126,815
3.3 Special funds	1,772	2,084	1,375	1,789
4. Accruals	39,322	27,666	50,260	27,304
4.1 Other accruals	39,322	27,666	50,260	27,304
a) current	39,322	27,666	50,260	27,304
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	671,844	604,187	506,314	485,965
Book value	465,934	419,137	264,948	253,286
Number of shares	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596
Book value per single share (PLN)	58.53	52.65	33.28	31.82
Diluted number of shares	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,960,596	7,761,178
Diluted book value per single share (PLN)	58.53	52.65	33.28	32.64

II. Income Statement	Q2 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2008	Q2 2007	6 months ended 30 June 2007
For the periods 01.01 – 30.06.2008 and 01.01- 30.06.2007 (thousands of PLN)				
I. Net revenues from sales of products, goods and materials, including:	148,896	251,723	160,327	246,282
- revenues from related parties	9,508	15,607	7,297	15,151
1. Net revenues from sales of products	85,853	167,887	67,834	134,854
2. Net revenues from sales of goods and materials	63,043	83,836	92,493	111,428
II. Costs of products, goods and materials sold, including:	112,445	179,425	130,544	192,160
- to related parties	3,998	7,820	3,498	8,659,
1. Manufacturing cost of products sold	57,467	106,930	51,869	96,845,
2. Value of products, goods and materials sold	54,978	72,495	78,675	95,315
III. Gross profit (loss) on sales	36,451	72,298	29,782	54,122
IV. Costs of sales	12,243	21,371	8,021	17,140
V. Administrative expenses	15,769	22,464	6,725	13,144
VI. Profit/loss on sales	8,439	28,463	15,036	23,838
VII. Other operating revenues	93	337	287	446
1. Gain on disposal of non-financial non-current assets	-71	-	8	67
2. Other operating revenues	164	337	279	379
VIII. Other operating costs	3,865	12,964	5,290	9,193
1. Loss on disposal of non-financial non-current assets	6	6	-	-
2. Revaluation of non-financial assets	49	49	-	-
3. Cost of works financed with subsidies	2,649	9,550	3,968	6,874
4. Other operating costs	1,161	3,359	1,322	2,319
IX. Profit (loss) on operating activities	4,667	15,836	10,033	15,091
X. Financial revenues	832	1,539	440	1,212
1. Interest, including:	703	1,371	555	1,210
- from related parties	86	195	63	186
2. Gain on disposal of investments	82	82	-	-
3. Revaluation of investments	-	-	-	-
4. Other	47	86	-115	2
XI. Finance costs	4,527	6,383	1,948	2,908
1. Interest	1,005	1,928	743	981
2. Revaluation of investments	528	528	-	-
3. Other	2,994	3,927	1,205	1,927
XII. Profit (loss) on business activities	972	10,992	8,525	13,395
XIII. Gross profit (loss)	972	10,992	8,525	13,395
XIV. Income tax	981	227	-385	-759
XV. Net profit (loss)	-9	10,765	8,910	14,154
Net profit (loss) (annualised)		21,334		31,792
Weighted average number of shares 01.07.2007 – 30.06.2008		7,960,596		7,604,714
Earnings (losses) per single share (PLN)		2.68		4.18
Diluted weighted average number of shares 01.07.2007 – 30.06.2008		7,960,596		7,673,809
Diluted earnings (losses) per single share (PLN)		2.68		4.14

III. Changes in Equity	Q2 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2008	12 months ended 31 December 2007	6 months ended 30 June 2007
I. Opening balance of equity	419,137	264,948	238,691	238,691
a) changes to adopted accounting principles (policies)	-	-	-	-
I. a. Opening balance of equity after adjustments	419,137	264,948	238,691	238,691
1. Opening balance of share capital	7,960	7,960	7,519	7,519
1.1 Changes in share capital	-	-	441	441
a) increases (due to)	-	-	441	441
- share issue – due to managerial option programme	-	-	441	441
- share issue – due to conversion	-	-	-	-
1.2 Closing balance of share capital	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960
2. Opening balance of due payments for share capital	-	-	-	-
2.1 Closing balance of due payments for share capital	-	-	-	-
3. Opening balance of supplementary capital	230,244	230,244	172,097	172,097
3.1 Changes in supplementary capital	25,823	25,823	-	65,482
a) increases (due to)	25,823	25,823	65,481	44,279
- profit-sharing for the previous years	25,823	25,823	44,279	-
- transferring the reserve capital	-	-	21,202	21,203
b) decreases (due to)	-	-	7,334	7,334
- covering the loss from merger	-	-	7,334	7,334
3.2 Closing balance of supplementary capital	256,067	256,067	230,244	230,245
4. Opening balance of revaluation reserve	143,415	0	6	6
4.1 Changes in revaluation reserve	46,806	190,221	-	-
a) increases (due to)	46,806	190,221	-	-
- balance sheet valuation of investment certificates and participation units	46,806	190,221	-	-
b) decreases (due to)	-	-	6	-
- valuation of shares at the balance sheet date	-	-	6	-
4.2 Closing balance of revaluation reserve	190,221	190,221	0	6
5. Opening balance of capital from merger	0	0	-7,334	-7,334
a) increases (due to)	-	-	7,334	7,334
- covering the loss from supplementary capital	-	-	7,334	7,334
5.1 Closing balance of capital from merger	0	0	-	-
6. Opening balance of other reserve capitals	745	745	21,948	21,948
a) decreases (due to)	-	-	21,203	21,203
- transferring to the supplementary capital	-	-	21,203	21,203
6.1 Closing balance of other reserve capitals	745	745	745	745
7. Opening balance of previous years' profit	25,999	25,999	44,455	44,455
a) changes to adopted accounting principles (policies)	-	-	-	-
7.1 Opening balance of previous years' profit after adjustments	25,999	25,999	44,455	44,455
a) decreases (due to)	25,823	25,823	44,279	44,279
- transferring the result from the previous years to capital	25,823	25,823	44,279	44,279
7.2 Closing balance of previous years' profit	176	176	176	176
8.1 Net result	-9	10,765	25,823	14,154
8.2 Net result for the period	-9	10,765	25,823	14,154
8.2 Net result for Q1 2008	10,774	-	-	-
II. Closing balance of equity	465,934	465,934	264,948	253,286
III. Equity including proposed profit-sharing (loss coverage)	465,934	465,934	264,948	253,286

IV. Cash Flow Statement

For the period 01.01– 31.03.2008 and 01.01-31.03.2007 (thousands of PLN)	Q2 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2008	Q2 2007	6 months ended 30 June 2007
A. Cash flows from operating activities				
I. Net profit (loss)	-9	10,765	8,910	14,154
II. Total adjustments	21,302	13,854	-9,888	-4,022
1. Depreciation	4,289	8,414	3,942	7,458
2. Exchange gains (losses)	605	74	-37	299
3. Interest and profit sharing (dividends)	1,459	2,765	715	1,468
4. (Profit) loss on investing activities	564	493	-47	-106
5. Change in provisions	1,310	-,2	-495	-869
6. Change in inventories	1,079	10,626	-17,583	-21,036
7. Change in receivables	-270	37,282	-50,202	-12,912
8. Change in current liabilities, excluding credits and loans	207	-37,312,	55,655	38,165
9. Change in prepayments and accruals	12,059	-,8,486	-1,836	-17,074
10. Other adjustments	-	-	-	585
III. Net cash used in operating activities (I+/- II) – indirect method	21,293	24,619	-978	10,132
B. Cash flows from investing activities				
I. Inflows	7,461	7,811	2,235	2,363
1. Disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	296	321	196	324
2. From financial assets, including:	7,165	7,490	2,039	2,039
a) in related parties	125	450	-	-
- sale of financial assets	-325	-	-	-
b) in other entities	7,040	7,040	2,039	2,039
- sale of financial assets	7,040	7,040	2,039	2,039
II. Outflows	-14,048	-35,042	-28,545	-39,594
1. Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	-14,048	-25,542	-29,130	-37,394
2. For financial assets, including:	-	-9,500	585	-2,200
a) in related parties	-	-2,500	585	-200
- purchase of financial assets	-100	-100	-	-
- non-current loans granted	-	-	-	-200
- current loans granted	100	-2,400	-	-
- surcharge to capital	-	-	585	-
b) in other entities	-	-7,000	-	-2,000
- purchase of financial assets	-	-7,000	-	-2,000
III. Net cash used in investing activities (I-II)	-6,587	-27,231	-26,310	-37,231
C. Cash flows from financing activities				
I. Inflows	9,590	15,416	20,913	20,914
1. Inflows from share issue	-	-	442	442
2. Loans and credits	9,530	15,356	20,470	20,471
3. Interest	60	60	-	-
4. Other financial inflows	-	-	1	1
II. Outflows	-2,493	-4,390	-1,949	-3,294
1. Repayment of loans and credits	-974	-1,564	-590	-1,090
2. Interest	-1,519	-2,826	-	-
3. Other financial outflows	-	-	-716	-1,470
4. Other financial liabilities	-	-	-643	-734
III. Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (I-II)	7,097	11,026	18,964	17,620
D. TOTAL net cash flow (A.III+/-B.III+/-C.III)	21 803	8 414	-8 324	-9 479
E. Balance sheet change in cash and cash equivalents, including:	21 197	8 339	-8 288	-9 778
- change in cash and cash equivalents due to	606	-75	36	-299

exchange differences

F. Cash and cash equivalents opening balance	37 225	50 083	48 415	49 905
H. Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents (F+/- E), including:	58 422	58 422	40 127	40 127
- limited disposal	-	-	-	-

V. Additional Information and Commentary

1. Adopted Accounting Policies

This financial statement was prepared according to the Act passed on 29 September 1994 on Accounting (unified text - Journal of Laws, 2002, No. 76 pos. 694 and subsequent changes).

A complete description of the adopted accounting principles was presented in the last annual financial statement, i.e. for the period from 1 January 2007 until 31 December 2007. If this financial statement for the 6 months ended 30 June 2008 was prepared according to IFRS, the financial results would amount to 3.663 million PLN.

2. Selected Valuation Principles

Non-current financial assets

As at the balance sheet date, financial assets are classified as non-current in the financial statement if the period of their further owning exceeds 12 months from the balance sheet date.

Shares are recognised at the acquisition or originate date according to acquisition price, and at the balance sheet date according to acquisition price less write-offs due to permanent loss in value.

When permanent loss in value appear, the revaluation of write-offs is carried out no later than at the balance sheet date.

Value of investment units in Comarch Closed Investment Fund is determined with fair value and results of the valuation are settled in revaluation reserve.

Loans are valued according to nominal value plus accrued interest.

Current financial assets

Assets recognised in the financial statement comprise monetary assets and loans to subsidiaries.

Monetary assets comprise cash in hand and at banks as well as accrued interest on financial assets. Cash in domestic currency was valued at nominal value, while cash in foreign currencies was valued at NBP average exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Loans are valued according to nominal value plus accrued interest.

3. Information about Significant Changes in Estimated Values, Including Information about Corrections due to Provisions, Provision and Deferred Income Tax Assets Mentioned in the Act on Accounting and about Write-Offs that Revaluated Asset Items

ComArch S.A. reversed a write-off worth 0.022 million PLN that revaluated inventories and was performed in 2007 as inventories. The reversed amount was classified in the other operating revenues item. In the second quarter of 2008, ComArch S.A. recognised a write-off that revaluated goods and materials and was worth 0.071 million PLN. No hedges were made on inventories owned by the company.

Due to the fact that the company is taxed according to general principles and enjoys tax-exempt status, temporary differences in the tax yield may be realised within both of these activities. At the same time, the final determination within which of these activities (taxed or tax-exempt) the temporary differences will be realised is established on the basis of the annual settlement of income tax, after the end of the fiscal year. In 2008, an asset due to temporary differences in income tax, worth 0.919 million PLN, was recognised; and tax asset worth 0.65 million PLN recognised at 31 December 2007 was dissolved in part. Provisions for deferred income tax in the amount of 0.106 million PLN was recognised.

The total effect of these operations on the result of 2008 was 0.163 million PLN.

4. Selected Notes to the Summary Financial Statement

4.1. NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS	30 June 2008	31 March 2008	31 December 2007	30 June 2007
a) in subsidiaries and correlated parties	225,126	176,595	35,940	24,907
- interest or shares	27,886	28,414	28,314	17,803
- loans granted	4,867	3,145	5,439	6,055
- other securities	191,281	144,436	1,060	-
- other non-current financial assets (interest on granted loans)	1,092	600	1,127	1,049
b) in associates	-	-	-	11,260
- interest or shares	-	-	-	11,260
c) in other entities	-	-	-	-
- loans granted	-	-	-	-
Non-current financial assets, TOTAL	225,126	176,595	35,940	36,167

4.2. CHANGES IN NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (TYPES)	Q2 2008	6 months ended 30 June 2008	Q2 2007	6 months ended 30 June 2007
a) Opening balance	176,595	35,940	29,148	36,250
- interests or shares	28,414	28,314	29,063	29,063
- loans	3,745	6,566	85	7,187
- other non-current assets	144,436	1,060	-	-
b) increases (due to)	49,406	190,408	199	199
- valuation of other non-current assets	46,745	190,221	-	-
- purchases of shares in subsidiaries	-	100	-	-
- loans granted to subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
- loans granted to other entities	-	-	85	85
- interest due to non-current loans	87	87	114	114
- balance sheet valuation of non-current loans	-	-	-	-
- revaluation of shares in foreign currencies	-	-	-	-
- reclassification to non-current loans from subsidiaries	2,574	-	-	-
c) decreases (due to)	875	1,222	-6,820	282
- disposal of shares in associates	-	-	-	-
- decrease in shares due to merger	-	-	-	-
- repayment of subsidiaries' loans	-	-	-	-
- repayment of other entities loans	-	-	37	88
- balance sheet valuation of shares	527	527	194	194
- balance sheet valuation of non-current loans and other assets	348	695	-	-
- reclassification to current financial loans	-	-	-7,051	-
- reclassification to non-current financial assets	-	-	-	-
d) Closing balance	225,126	225,126	36,167	36,167

4.3. CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS	30 June 2008	31 March 2008	31 December 2007	30 June 2007
a) in subsidiaries and correlated parties	3,400	5,825	1,450	1,450
- loans granted	3,400	5,825	1,450	1,450
c) in other entities	84	7,079	12	127
- other securities, including:	-	7,079	-	-
- participation units in funds	-	7,039	-	-
- treasury bills	-	-	-	-
- loans granted	-	-	12	64

- other current financial assets, including:	84	40	-	63
- assets due to the valuation of forward contracts	84	40	-	63
g) cash and cash equivalents	58,584	37,914	50,195	40,196
- cash in hand and at banks	48,422	37,225	50,083	40,127
- other cash	10,000	-	-	-
- other monetary assets	162	689	112	69
TOTAL current financial assets	62,068	50,818	51,657	41,773